POSTAL POINTS

PICKED UP IN THE DEPARTMENT.

The Contracts for Carrying the Mails During the Coming Year—Atlanta's First Post-Office and Her Present—Georgians in the Capitol, Etc., Etc.

Special Correspondence Constitution.

WASHINGTON, February 22.—Postal contracts for Georgia have been let for most of the routes. They run for three years at the prices per annum given below. It will be seen that most of them are low. Competition in this business is sharp. Several large contractors get a majority of the routes and then sub-let them to great advantage. For tunes are made in this business. The following is the list of contracts for carrying the mails over the Georgia routes named:

From Lumber City to Johnston Station, to M. A. Moore, of Kentucky, for $755 99.

From Barnett to Powelton, to Z. T. Carpenter, of Washington, for $1 9.

From Louisville around a circuit and back to Louisville, to Davis & Moore, of Kentucky, for $213 99.

From Swainsboro to Perry Mills, to G. C. Brassfield, of Kentucky, for $287.

From Warm Springs to Hood, to G. C. Brassfield, for $245.

From Bolingbroke to Holston, to Davis & Moore, for $9 99.

From Mulberry Grove to Don, to Z. T. Carpenter, for $127.

From Maxey's to Powell's Mills, no office, to G. M. Snodgrass, of Georgia, for $88.

From Newton to Ledbetter's store, to Davis & Moore, for $61 99.

From Ogeechee to Blitz, to G. M. Snodgrass, for $96

From Ringgold to Shaws and Kinarson's mills, no office, to Richardson & Bird, of Kentucky.

From Rome to Cedartown, to Davis & Moore for $99.99.

From Screven to Waynesville, to Davis & Moore for $1 99 99.

From Telloga to Valley Head, to J. H. Wilson for $99.

From Thomaston to Jenkinsville, to Davis & Moore for $99 99.

From Towns to Clark's Bluff, to John H. Wilson for $109.

From Valdosta to Stevenville, to Davis & Moore for $107.99.

From Warfarville to Reidsville, to Davis & Moore for $15 99.

From Waresboro to Hazlehurst, to Logan Roberts, of Georgia, for $394.

From Whitesville to Pleasant Hill, no office, to J. H. Wilson for $99.

From Dillon to Chattanooga, to J. H. Wilson for $249

From Buford to Jug Tavern, to G. C. Brassfield for $156.

From Carrollton to Douglasville, to W. W. Hindman, of Georgia, for $139.

From Dahlonega to Porter Springs, to Heard & Walker, of Georgia, for $99.

From Forsyth to Maynard, to Davis & Moore for $109 99.

From Greensboro to Sparta, to Davis & Moore for $161 99.

From Harlem to Stellaville, to Davis & Moore for 77.99

From Homerville to Blount's ferry, to G. C. Brassfield for $832.

From Lexington to Arnis mill, no office, to Davis & Moore for $69 99.

From Dallas around a circuit back to Dallas, to Davis & Moore for $117 99

From Cumming to Gainesville, to G. C. Brassfield for $173.

From Holly Springs to Cherokee mills, to Colebourn, of Washington, for $59.

From Byron to York, to John H. Wilson, of Kentucky, for $111.

From Dublin to Eastman, to Davis & Moore for $169 99.

From Columbus to Warm Springs, to Davis & Moore for $151 99.

From Bainbridge to Camilla, to Davis & Moore for $159 99.

From Berzelia to Hepzibah, to G. C. Brassfield for $81

From Blakely to Cuthbert, to George E. Chipstead, of Georgia, for $868

It will be seen that Davis and Moore get considerably more of the contracts than anybody else. They are two live Kentuckians who are to this business at wholesale, and control a great number of routes. They have studied the business so thoroughly that they bid intelligently in every instance. It is said that their mails contracts net thousands for each of the partners every year and have already made them rich.

——In rumbling through the records of the post-office department, I found an evidence of Atlanta's youth. It did not become a presidential postoffice until 1855. Think a presidential postoffice! Starting that a complete list of Atlanta postmasters would be of interest to some of your readers I procured it. There have been only eight postmasters since the office went regularly into the department as it is now conducted. The following is the name and date of appointment of each:

Hugh M. Boyd, appointed March 3, 1855.
Thomas C. Howard, appointed April 2, 1856.
William F. Wilson, appointed February 3, 1858.
Thomas C. Howard, appointed January 7, 1861.
Thomas G. Simms, appointed July 21, 1865.
James L. Dunning, appointed April 15, 1869.
Samuel Bard, appointed March 2, 1874.
Benjamin Conley, the present incumbent, appointed June 26, 1876.

Here is an office twenty-five years old doing as much business as any two in Georgia, and ranking indeed among the most important and the best paying in the United States

It has to tug through its great mass of work with an appropriation far below the actual necessities. An Atlanta letter carrier walks no more and walks harder than any other employe in the whole postal system. There are men who drive around in neat spring wagons an hour or two a day to deliver what is a small mail, and draw $100 a month, while some unfortunate walks all day long through ice and rain for $60 a month. The business of the Atlanta office increases all the time, but the increased appropriation cannot be had for some time to come.

There will be no lack of Georgians in the long list of those who are "spoken of" for office under the next administration For the marshalship the names of Mr. H. I. Kimball, Mr. J. C. Freeman, Major W. L. Smith and several dark horses will be used while Mr. Stephens and others will keep up the claims of Marshal Fitzsimons to finish out his term—a full year yet.

The two wings of the republican party will sing in at each other in the impending battle for the postmastership, now filled by Mr. Andrew Clark. There will be democratic applicants for the office also and of course the gentleman who "has no politics" will be heard from.

The passage of the bill to make Atlanta a port of entry and delivery will open some new offices which will not go begging.

The Savannah custom house will not be retained in its control without a struggle by the republicans of that city, like those in Atlanta, resemble Hindus's sword, which in the advance of a foe began to eat into itself, so found was it of strife.

But there are Georgians mentioned for higher honors than any of the house offices. Judge Kimbrough's friends are parading his fitness for the office of attorney general under Garfield. Had Grant been elected I am certain that the genial judge would have taken this honor without any difficulty. Grant's influence may be exerted for him with the incoming administration.

General Longstreet is often spoken for a seat in the cabinet. He is very highly esteemed by many republicans of influence, some of whom are at work for him in this cause.

Dr. Miller, ex Senator Josh Hill and ex-Governor Bullock are all mentioned in connection with these high preferments. The numerous ministers and consulates will not fail to interest the ambition of Georgia gentlemen who would go abroad "strange countries for to see." Some of the consulates pay well and afford an easy luxuriant life which a man of literary taste would find delicious.

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The Whereabouts of the Other Six.

EDITORS CONSTITUTION: Your correspondent begins his letter from the national capital with the following which we insert just here:

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Now, Messrs. Editors, I think it only fair that your correspondent should either read the Record or inform himself of the why's and wherefores of the handicaps "sound of Georgia's faithful congressmen with absenteeism.

Mr Stephens had made a speech that afternoon on the recognition of the Collamer statue, so he was absent from the city or the house on that day. If it should turn out that he had to retire to his room after the exercise of speaking, the people of Savannah and the state of Georgia would very likely forgive him for taking necessary precaution to preserve his comfort and health

Mr Hammond was excused by your correspondent because he was too unwell to leave his room. Now, why did not your correspondent do justice to Dr. Felton whose absence was caused by illness in his family—the excuse being duly rendered on that day by Mr. Atherton, of Ohio, and also by Mr. Townshend, of Illinois—all of which appears in the Record. I made it my business to find out if his family were ill that I might send you the exact truth, and found the physician had been twice to see his little son on that day, the care of whom was entirely too much for his invalid mother alone. Was not the doctor's excuse quite as good as that of Mr. Hammond or Mr. Nicholls's? The Record also excuses Mr. Blount who was "engaged on committee duty" all of which duly appears, as well as the "pairs" of these gentlemen at the close of the day's proceedings which counted as affirmative votes for some of them. I think you will find by searching the Record you self that Mr Hammond uniformly voted against all appropriations to rivers and harbors, and perhaps his absence gave Mr. Cook a good chance to let Savannah have a showing without the negative vote of the member from the fifth.

I would like to remind you also, that Savannah got an appropriation for her harbor (in the winter after Mr Hartridge died when she was left without an immediate representative) of $100 000, for which she may thank "Old Felton," who was then member of the commerce committee. He did not "b ndicap" her then or now, as the facts will prove, nor does he seek any notoriety by detracting from the efforts of other Georgia members who were quite willing to see Savannah get it if congress would give it to her. I am pleased to tell you also that Felton had Savannia made a port of entry on the 18th, the day after your correspondent was so perplexed because of his absence, but Dr. Felton did not ask General Cook's present much needed effort in the house of representatives—I think it likely Messrs. Speer and Persons could give you reasons for their temporary absence if you will ask your correspondent to inquire. And I insist it would always be better to read the Record or go in person to "where were the other six?" before are conspicuously put in print.

A VISITOR AT THE CAPITOL.

THE DAILY CONSTITUTION.

VOL. XIII. ATLANTA, GA. THURSDAY MORNING, FEBRUARY 24. 1881. NO. 215.

GARFIELD AND MONOPOLIE

Jere Black Quotes Some Strong Language by the President Elect

NEW YORK, February 22—The National monopoly league held a meeting in the union. Judge Jeremiah S. Black was principal speaker. He said that railroad nations having been put into possession public highways of the country were bound run them in the interest of the public, to they belong. Corporations were public serv but they had violated their trusts for the gains. The voice of complaint comes up to all quarters of the country. In speaking of meeting he once attended at Cleveland, Ohio, Judge Black said he heard General Garfield say that railroad corporations wielded more power that the time was fast approaching when one of a would take place unless the railroad corporations were throttled by the strong arm of the state legislature. Judge Black said, that power commenced must go on until fifty millions of people know that they were fifty millions. The question was what could be done to put an end to the system. The only hope was in congress. The secretary read a letter from Judge William Windom sympathizing with the movement. Resolutions were adopted denouncing monopolies of all kinds.

FOR THE KHEDIVE

Presenting the Needle to New York.

NEW YORK, February 23.—The Metropolitan Museum of Art was crowded this afternoon with invited guests assembled to witness the transfer of the Egyptian obelisk to the city of New York by the government of the United States. The galleries on either side were filled with fashionably dressed ladies. Governor Cornell of New York and Brooklyn's most prominent citizens and the New York and Brooklyn most prominent men were present—clergymen, lawyers, merchants and capitalists. Rev. Dr. Howard Crosby, Chancellor of New York University, opened the exercises with prayer, after which a grand chorus of the Philharmonic societies of New York, Brooklyn and a chorus from the New York public schools, under the direction of Theodore Thomas, sang a hymn written for the occasion by Dr. Watson Gilden. Col. Stebbins, chairman of the committee of arrangements, introduced Secretary Evarts, who, with an address, presented the gift of the Khedive to the city of New York, and Mayor Cooper, in brief speech, accepted the gift and introduced the various citizens of the metropolis. The appropriate addresses concluded with the singing of Egyptian hundred medals, commemorating Grace, in addition to as many of the public schools of the city, were selected on their record as to existing excellence in general deportment. The gration of one hundred" and the occasion was closed with the benediction.

WASHINGTON AL

Meeting of the Alumni

NEW YORK, February 23.—SPECIAL.

Washington and Lee university, the New York hotel, for the purpose of forming a permanent organization. Alumni of the college were called to the chair. A large number of last night at the alumni gentlemen were present. A series of resolutions were adopted organizing the association to be known as the Washington and Lee university alumni association Sims was elected president, and a committee of twenty-one members, of which object it shall be the duty of promoting the interests of the college, to strengthen the ties of friendship existing between its alumni, to foster and to do all in their power to promote the welfare of the university. A Lee university song was also adopted. The association will preserve and perpetuate its organization by holding annual meetings, at which the following officers were elected: President, Charles A. Dana; vice-presidents, to advance the interests of the institution and by Marion Sims, R. Wycliffe Pryor, Jr.; secretary, A. S. Colyar; treasurer, Walter L. McCorkle; executive committee, consisting of the following gentlemen: Dr. J. N. McChesney, Dr. Wm. Johnston, The president and Professor Quintard, ex-officio members. The president and faculty of the university were elected honorary members.

Resumption of Hostilities Imminent—Grave Fears Entertained.

ST. LOUIS, February 23—Special to the Republican from El Paso, Texas, says that a dispatch from Chihuahua, Mexico, to the Constitution.

there from Chihuahua, is dispatch from El Paso, Texas, says that a hundred of them attacked has been received follas a few days ago, Kiles, that the Indians children and plundered that region. To Fort Cummings, New Mexico, with company of settlement near Carmoney, with company of settlement near Carand thirty Indian scouts several women and following a band of outlaws. Advices from Mexico, their camp in the Ninth cavalry under Garfield. Had Grant been elected I am certain that the genial judge would have taken this honor without any difficulty. Grant's influence may be exerted for him with the incoming administration.

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COMING EVENTS

LIKE SOME POLITICIANS NERVOUS.

Disagreement Over the Inaugural Procession—Carpenter's Sickness and Blain's Rheumatism—Mahone's Probable Unimportance—The Funding Bill.

Special dispatch to The Constitution.

WASHINGTON, February 23.—Since the senate committee on commerce has been considering the river and harbor bill, both the Georgia senators have been tireless in their efforts to secure more just appropriations for their state. To-night the committee agreed that Savannah should have $65,000 instead of $25 000. This will complete the improvements at present planned for Savannah, securing her against all future inconveniences. Because there were so many similar efforts the committee will not report in favor of Mr. Brown's other amendments increasing the appropriations for Brunswick and several Georgia rivers

Senator Coke of the sub-committee, which has the bill making Atlanta a port of entry, will report and push it through to-morrow if possible. Its passage this session may be considered certain.

*

WASHINGTON, February 23.—Senator Blaine says there is not a particle of truth in the statement telegraphed from here today that he had tendered his resignation to the legislature of Maine. He says that he will not resign his seat until after the 4th of March. It is expected that the legislature will not adjourn until the 15th of March. The senator is rapidly improving from his rheumatic attack, and hopes to be able to go out to-morrow. He is as yet undecided about making a trip to Mentor.

Senator Logan stated positively to several senators yesterday, that Robert Lincoln, of Illinois, would be secretary of war in Garfield's cabinet. Republican senators express surprise at Senator Blaine not sending in his resignation, as his successor cannot be elected until the second Tuesday after the resignation is received. In talking of the subject, no doubt is expressed of Blaine being secretary of state and the conclusion is that he will retain his seat until after March 4, and participate in the organization of the new senate.

An Albany special says: It is now said to be a positive fact that Judge Folger will accept the position of secretary of the treasury.

——The military committee of the committee on inaugural ceremonies, not deeming the programme issued by the chief marshal, General W. T. Sherman, suitable for the occasion, has adopted a programme of its own, which will be submitted to the executive committee for action. The general plan of the parade, according to this programme, is that all organizations intending to participate therein, civil as well as military, shall act as an escort, and upon arriving at the capitol, shall march with the right of the east front and as near the capitol as the nature of the grounds will permit.

The resolution of the inaugural military committee condemning the appointment of General Field, a confederate doorkeeper of the house, to the command of a division of the inaugural procession, created a breeze here. General Sherman appointed Field, and to him the latter submitted the question as to whether he should serve or not. General Sherman maintains his right as grand marshal to appoint his assistants and insists on Field's serving.

General Hancock will be at the inaugural ceremonies in the senate, and at the reception at the museum building, in the evening, but will not enter the procession.

Colonel Corbin, of the inaugural committee, has received a letter from General Hancock in which the latter says: "I shall be present at the inaugural, accompanied by General James B. Fry, General A. Perry and General W. G. Mitchell, who request that this letter be received as an acceptance of the invitation given to them through me."

——The fact that Senator Carpenter's family physician in Wisconsin has been telegraphed for has led to the general conclusion that the senator is in a very critical condition He is quite ill, it is true, but his attending physician stated to day that there was no danger in the matter that city, and deposited gold in the amount of $1,384,000 to reduce circulation. The total circulation of national banks is about $170,000,000, so the amount that the banks have so far given notice of withdrawing can not affect the market to any appreciable extent. Treasury officials do not contemplate any trouble with the banks. The secretary is authorized to use the surplus revenues of the government for sinking fund purposes. This surplus is now over $12 000,000, and is rapidly increasing. If the banks begin to act ugly about their circulation, that can be thrown into the market by the purchase of outstanding bonds, and will be amply sufficient to counteract any reduction of circulation. Whether intentionally or not, the funding bill is so built up that it leaves the government to act as it thinks best, without any fear from the national banks, and makes the national banks become great aids in placing the new loan. Comptroller of the Currency Knox received information up to noon to day that $1,6 0 000 of national bank circulation would be withdrawn by New York banks.

It is stated in the capitol to-day by congressmen who have talked with the president and Secretary Sherman that the funding bill will not be vetoed, and that it will become a law.

The legal tenders received by the treasury department to day from national banks for the purpose of retiring the circulation amounted in round numbers to $2 800,000 They came from twelve banks, two of which are in New York city, one each in Philadelphia, Boston and Albany, and the remainder from banks in Pennsylvania, New Jersey and New York.

——The senate judiciary committee held a special meeting to-day, but again postponed action on the supreme court and circuit court nominations of Messrs. Matthews and Billings.

——The republican representatives in caucus held to-day decided not to vote for any apportionment bill which shall fix the number of representatives in the house at less than 315.

——The amendment to the river and harbor bill proposed by Senator Butler in the senate to day, appropriates $15 000 for ascertaining the first cost of improving the Hiawassee, Little Tennessee and Savannah rivers up to the head of practicable slackwater navigation. Second, The exact profile of the routes through Hightower and Rabun Gaps, with cross sections at suitable points from which it can be determined to what extent the inclined plane system can be utilized, and estimates of the cost of building the necessary canal can be made. Third, The comparison of cost, distances, location, etc., of the Hiawassee and Little Tennessee routes with each other, and with corresponding elements of the route via the Tennessee, Coosa, and Oemulgee rivers as surveyed in 1874.

Special dispatch to The Constitution.

——At a conference with the subcommittee of the house on the Pacific railroads yesterday Attorney-General Devens expressed the opinion that so far as at present appears no additional legislation is necessary in order to protect the rights of the United States under the Thurman act or the general laws relating to the Pacific roads.

*

In Congress.

THE SENATE.

WASHINGTON, February 23.—Mr. Coke, from the committee on Indian affairs, reported favorably, without amendment, the house bill for the ascertainment of the amount due the Choctaw nation. Placed on the calendar.

Mr. Kirkwood, from the minority of the special committee on the subject, reported a bill for the relief of the Ponca Indians. Tabled temporarily.

Mr. Butler addressed the senate upon his proposed amendment to the river and harbor bill for a survey and examination of the routes for the Blue Ridge canal in the interest of water transportation to Charleston.

After transacting some unimportant business, the senate took up and passed the fortifications appropriation bill, with the amendments of the senate committee.

The bill for the new congressional library building was then taken up and the senate committee's amendments agreed to in committee of the whole. The bill was then reported to the senate and passed: ayes 29, nays 18. It fixes the site for the new building upon the six squares on the east front of the capitol grounds, and limits the cost of the land and damages therefor to $1,00,000.

Pending the consideration of the library bill, Vice-President elect Arthur appeared on the floor and made the acquaintance of many senators of both sides of the chamber, who were introduced to him from time to time by Senator Conkling. In the meanwhile Senator Blaine made his appearance, after a protracted absence on account of illness, and was congratulated by democratic as well as republican senators upon his own accession. Later he was engaged in conversation with General Arthur. The senate then adjourned.

THE HOUSE

The house met at 11 o'clock in continuance of Tuesday's session, and immediately went into committee of the whole (Mr. Harris, of Virginia, in the chair) on the sundry civil appropriation bill.

Mr. Buckner, of Missouri, off red an amendment authorizing the secretary of the treasury to purchase gas saving instruments for use in the buildings under the control of the treasury department. Ruled out on a point of order.

Mr King, of Louisiana, moved to strike out the clause prohibiting more than $3,000 of the balance of the appropriations previously made to prevent the spread of yellow fever and epidemic diseases, directed to be used for that purpose during the coming fiscal year. The exemption from yellow fever during the past year, and during the past few years, didn't argue freeness from it during the approaching summer. If the government had the right to protect its citizens from foreign enemies certainly this democratic congress could not refuse protection against an enemy which kills its thousands annually.

Pending the action on the amendment, the committee rose.

Mr Cobb, of Indiana, from the committee on appropriations, reported back the District of Columbia appropriation bill with senate amendments recommending a concurrence in the same and a nonconcurrence in others of those amendments. The report was agreed to, and then, at 11 o'c ock, the session of Tuesday ended and Wednesday's session began.

Mr Blackburn, of Kentucky, from the committee on appropriations, reported back the post office appropriation bill with senate amendments, recommending concurrence in others of those amendments. Report agreed to.

Mr. Cox, of New York, called up for consideration the unfinished business of the appropriation bill.

Mr. Conger, of Michigan, raised the question of consideration in favor of sundry civil appropriation bills.

The representatives, with one or two exceptions, refused to vote on this question, the vote standing, yeas 125, nays 5, in favor of taking up the appropriation bill.

The point of no quorum was raised.

Mr. Frye stated that the republicans were to have had a caucus last night, but that it had not been necessarily postponed, therefore, they were not in a condition to proceed with the apportionment bill. He had been informed by gentlemen from New York would allow other business to intervene the republicans would meet to-morrow at 4:30, and he would then determined whether this business should go on or not.

Mr. Cox—I suppose that after that no dilatory motion will be in order.

Mr. Frye—I don't say that.

Mr. Cox—I will yield to the gentleman from Maine in his suggestion, and will trust to his honor to put the bill through.

Messrs. Frye and Conger stated that they had not heard the last remark of the gentleman, and would not, therefore, consider that any agreement has been made.

Mr. Cox then gave notice that he would call the bill up to-morrow.

The house then resumed consideration, in committee of the whole, of the sundry civil appropriation bill. The pending amendment offered by Mr King, of Louisiana, to the clause in relation to the national board of health was rejected.

Mr. Beale, of Virginia, offered an amendment appropriating $5,000 for the completion of the Dismal Swamp canal. The amendment offered by Mr. George Washington, at Fredericksburg, Va. Ruled out on a point of order raised by Mr. Bragg, of Wisconsin.

Mr. Dibbrel, of Tennessee—An amendment appropriating $9,000 to continue the improvement of the natio al cemetery at Chattanooga, Tennessee. Adopted

Mr Bragg, of Wisconsin, raised the point of order against the clause of the bill appropriating $20,000 for the purchase of the private papers of the late confederate Generals Bragg, and Polk, of the Confederate army.

The point of order was overruled by the chair.

Mr. Thomas, of Illinois, moved to strike out the clause making this appropriation.

After a long and somewhat heated discussion, in which Mr. Blac burn led in support of the proposed purchase of the papers, Mr. Bragg, of Wisconsin, in opposition to it, Mr. Thomas's motion prevailed, and the clause was stricken from the bill.

The committee then rose, and the house took a recess until 7:30 p m

SURVEYING THE LINES.

Powder Springs Not to be Crowded Out.

Douglasville Star.

When the Atlanta and Alabama railroad is completed to this place, the citizens of Powder Springs, Winn-ville and Campbellton, Georgia activity, propose to have a railroad of their own independent of any railroad cliques or combinations. They have taken steps to build a narrow gauge road from Brown's mill, on the old line of the Georgia Western, at which point is located a depot, to Powder Springs, a distance of five miles. This can be done at a comparatively small expense, as the grade will not be very heavy at any point. When this is built, Powder Springs will be the place of some business importance, and a cotton market of no mean pretentions.

THE EAST TENNESSEE.

Knoxville Dispatch.

Some maintain that the desperate struggle now going on to secure the stock of the East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia road is simply a struggle between this road and the purchasers of the Atlantic, Mississippi and Ohio road to control the former. How this is is only a matter of speculation. It is not, however, without plausibility. One thing is unquestionably true, no doubt, that the purchasers of the Atlantic, Mississippi and Ohio road would like to have the control of the McGhee-Wilson system. With that in their possession they would become second only to the great railway systems on the continent, if not in the world.

The management of the East Tennessee Virginia and Georgia road, having lost the chance to grasp the only remaining link necessary to complete the system, may now be struggling to secure some other valuable link known to the public, or to form some sort of alliance with the Louisville combination.

There are those again who suggest that, as a preliminary step towards "unloading," a rising market in price of the stock was started here in order to effect the New York market and thus enable Wilson and McGhee to unload. To do this, they contend it was necessary to force up the stock at home.

Of course all these ideas or suggestions are mere conjectures, and can only pass for what they are worth. It might follow that, in the struggle referred to, Wilson and McGhee might be left out as minority stockholders, and thus be eventually squeezed. We have, however, the utmost confidence in the good sense and capabilities of these gentlemen. What may be the result of this movement no one can tell, but we predict that, whatever may occur, they will not be so badly worsted as some seem to think. They are no chicken-heads, no doubt, what they are about. At any rate it is time enough to pass judgment upon their movements when all the facts connected with this extraordinary state of affairs are given to the public and more fully known.

Sympathy With Ireland.

BALTIMORE, February 23.—A mass meeting in sympathy with the Irish land league was held tonight at Maryland institute hall, which was filled to its utmost capacity. Mayor Latrobe presided and speeches were made by Hon. Wm. Walsh, late member of congress; Hon. Nicholas Ford, member of congress, of Missouri, Rev. A. M. Courtney, of the M. E. church, Rev Dr. Chancelle, of the Episcopal church, and others. Resolutions of sympathy in the land league movement were adopted. The meeting was very enthusiastic.

Senator Mitchell.

HARRISBURG PA., February 23.—The 350th ballot for United States senator resulted in the formal election of John L. Mitchell. The vote was: Mitchell, 150; Wallace, 92; McVeagh, 1; Brewster, 1. Messrs Law and Ruddimen voted for the latter two.

STRANGE AND TRUE.

THE VARIED FREAKS OF THE DAY.

The Death of the Pennsylvania Hunter—A Vessel Sails Into Oblivion—A Girl Abducted—Locked up by Her Lover—A Horrible Fate, Etc.

NEW YORK, February 23.—The Sun contained an account of the killing recently of two black bears by Miss Lottie Merrill, a young huntress eighteen years old. The following account of her death is from the Elmira Gazette: A fearful tale is told in the Port Jervis Union of the fate of Miss Lottie Merrill, the young huntress of Wayne county, Pennsylvania. According to this account she met a most tragic death on the 8th of February, being attacked in her hut by six bears, killed and eaten by them, and her body burned with the carcasses of some of them in her cabin.

A party of hunters, it is said, at the close of that day found her cabin still burning, and proofs of the horrible death she had died. It appears that she had been hunting that day, and had killed a fine buck deer, which, after removing the entrails, she had dragged home on the snow. Six hungry bears, drawn by the smell of blood, had followed the trail to her hut, and, after devouring the carcass of the deer, attacked the huntress killing her and devouring her body.

The girl had evidently made an heroic defense. An examination of the carcasses of the six bears in the cabin showed that she must have killed two of them before being overpowered. The carcass of one bear had fallen against the closed door, and imprisoned them all within the cabin, which took fire and burned the others to death. In the cabin was found one of the huntress' heavy boots, with her foot still in it. A bent hunting knife was near her bones, and the antlers of the deer she had brought home, which, with carcasses of bears, furnished a complete key to the mystery.

Her funeral took place on Wednesday the 9th. At least three hundred people were present at the funeral, and the old preacher, William Budwick, preached a sermon relating the story of her death, and extolling her bravery and virtue. The remains were buried near her burned cabin, and over her grave was placed a pair of antlers and hemlock slab with this rude epitaph: "Lottie Merrill lays hear. She didn't know what it was to be afeerd, but she had her last tussel with the bars, and they have scooped her. She was a good girl, and she is now in heaven. It took six big bars to get away with her. She was only eighteen years old."

Sailed into Oblivion.

PHILADELPHIA, February 23.—On the 30th of September last the French bark Fannie, Captain Letellier, sailed from this port for Havre, with a cargo of 273 887 gallons of crude petroleum, stored in four compartments, and 534,800 gallons of petroleum in barrels. The oil was owned by a large company at Havre, and it was expected that the vessel would reach that port about November 15, at the outside, thus allowing forty five days for the voyage, which is the extreme limit for a sailing vessel between the points named. Since leaving the capes not the slightest information has been heard of the bark, and, as nearly five months have now passed since she left this port, the owners and agents have arrived at the conclusion that she has gone to the bottom. The matter has been called to the attention of Aubin des Fougerais, the French consul at this port, whose most active efforts, however, to learn something as to the fate of the missing vessel and her crew have as yet been unrewarded. The most remarkable part of the story is that, after the Fannie passed out to sea, she was never seen by any inward or outgoing vessels, leaving the point where she went down in complete oblivion. Not one of the crew of twenty-one men has been picked up, for if any had been saved the particulars of the disaster would have been known long ere this, even if the survivors had been carried to some extreme port. To add to the mystery, no wreckage of any kind has been found which could be traced as portions of the missing vessel. The Fannie was a first-class bark, and just prior to her last voyage had been remodeled within in order to fit her for carrying petroleum in bulk. The oil was purchased from Webster Brothers & Wilson, of Gibson's Point, on the Schuylkill river, by Witthoff Lansly & Co., of 309 Walnut street, for Ladenberg, Thalmann & Co., No. 11 Broad street, New York, who were the agents of the French purchasers at Havre. Wesenberg & Co., No. 208 Walnut street, were the ship-brokers.

A Girl Abducted.

NEW YORK, February 23—An Ottawa special gives the following detailed account of the recent church troubles at Hull, as sent in brief by the associated press:

Hull is a city of some 10,000 inhabitants on the Quebec side of Ottawa river, immediately opposite this city The people are principally French Canadian Roman Catholics.

About a year ago the Rev. Mr. Serverright, a convert from Romanism, began missionary labors in that city. He met with a great deal of opposition in his work, and on various occasions his meetings were broken up by gangs of men and boys, who would smash the windows of the building in which the services were held and assail the worshippers with sticks and stones. It was only after strenuous exertions of the authorities that this riotous work was put a stop to.

Some five weeks ago a young woman named Garrett came to Hull from Quebec, stopping with her brother in law, Philip Soncy. She attended several of Rev. Mr. Serverright's prayer meetings, notwithstanding the protests of her relatives, and was converted to Protestantism Upon this he coming known the priest of the parish was sent for. He found the young woman reading a Bible when he arrived at the house, and the story goes that he snatched the book from her hands and threw it into the fire.

Miss Garrett was lectured and then shut up in close confinement. For two weeks she was kept on bread and water as a punishment, and then she contrived to make her escape. She found an asylum at the house of the missionary whose appeals had led to her conversion.

This afternoon the priest, with officers and pupils of the Sunday school in Hull to come to this city to attend a mass missionary meeting of Sunday school scholars While proceeding along Main street in Hull, the party was set upon by a mob of about 150 men and boys. Miss Garrett was seized and forcibly borne away, despite the efforts of those with her, several of whom were knocked down and badly treated. The city recorder was appealed to for the arrest of the leading kidnappers, but he declined to issue any warrants.

The affair causes considerable excitement as the whereabouts of the young woman are not known at present.

A Horrible Fate.

PITTSBURG, February 23.—A workingman named Michael Maroney met with a horrible death at Robinson & Rea's foundry, on the south side of the city, at a late hour Saturday night. Maroney, being cold, went into a large core-oven to the foundry to get warm. While he was standing in there several workmen ran a truck with a large core in it and closed the doors of the oven and fired up. It the early hours of the morning the watchman, thinking that the core had been burned sufficiently, opened the doors of the oven, and was horrified to discover the remains of Maroney lying on the floor in a half-baked condition. Maroney survived long enough to tell how he happened to get into the oven, and said that he had yelled and kicked on the side to let the workmen know of his frightful position, but the roar of the fire and the noise in the founderies drowned the sounds His clothes and large masses of baked flesh dropped off his bones before death ended his terrible agony.

Taken From Her Home.

YORK, PA., February 23—Dillsburg, a town in the upper section of York county, has had an abduction, and the staid little village is in consequence thrown into a glow of excitement and society provided with a delicate morsel for digestion. A fifteen-year old daughter of Dr. Farrel, a highly respected physician of Dillsburg, was abducted on Thursday last by Alexander Harbold, who invited her from home under the pretext of taking her for a drive. Harbold was a mutual friend of Miss Farrel and Charley Newman. The latter, it seems, was deeply in love with Miss Farrel, but her father pad forbidden him the house. It is charged that he then conspired with Harbold to carry Miss Farrel away from home. Newman was to meet them and they would be married. Accordingly Miss Newman was taken by Harbold to John Ringwalt's hotel, in Mechanicsburg, where the proprietor took her to a room and locked her in. The abduction was well planned. Newman happened along just after his lady love had been imprisoned and accordingly ushered himself into the young lady's apartment. He was explaining the delicate matter when Dr. Farrel appeared on the scen and Newman consequently withdrew No marriage had taken place nor had the young lady been in the hotel long with her abductors before her father's arrival. Harbold, who was arrested on sight, gave bail, and Newman was also captured and will be brought over to York on the morning train, where he will likewise be given an opportunity to furnish bail for an appearance at court. The young lady was taken home by her father, suffering considerably from the shock which the affair occasioned.

A Fiendish Wench.

NASHVILLE, February 23.—Isham Cody, colored, an employe of the gas works, lives with his three children and a sister in a small frame house on the corner of Jackson and Market streets. Several days ago Sallie Mathes made her appearance there and asked permission to remain a few days. Her request was granted, but Cody's sister, seeing that she was not making efforts to secure other quarters or to get other work, ordered her, Monday evening, to leave the house, but finally consented to let her remain until the next morning. The girl was greatly enraged, and went away, but subsequently returned to the house and put arsenic in a bucket of drinking water. Yesterday morning the coffee made for the family was from this same bucket. Cody and his three children were taken sick, and an examination by Dr. J. M. Rainey, showed that there was at least a teaspoonful of arsenic in the bottom of the bucket which had not dissolved. Cody's sister had not drank either the water or coffee, and hence escaped being poisoned. Cody and his oldest child—about ten years of age—are in a critical condition, and it is thought cannot recover. When arrested, the girl denied any knowledge of the matter, but afterwards she was heard to say to one of the prisoners that she tried to kill the whole family and was not sorry for it.

An Abductor Arrested.

RICHMOND, IND. February 23.—Walter Amos has entered a plea of guilty to the charge of kidnapping, and has confessed that he enticed a small boy, named Adolphus Williams, from his house, 303 Bright street, Indianapolis, and started on foot with him towards this place. They walked sixteen miles the first day, when the boy's feet became sore. Amos took a rope and made a cat-o'-nine-tails and lashed the boy to make him walk. He whip

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Entered as second-class matter in the Atlanta post-office, December 11, 1879.

ATLANTA, GA., FEBRUARY 24, 1881

THE Chicago Times thinks that Albert Henry of Guntersville is destined to be the next Alabama senator, because he is the only millionaire in that state.

THE apportionment bill was shaken up yesterday in the house, and Mr. Cox announced his intention of calling it up today. The belief prevails that a majority of the republican members will vote with the democrats in favor of reapportionment at this session.

IT is not probable that Postmaster James will be made postmaster-general, because first, he is a man who thoroughly understands the needs and capacity of the postal service; and, secondly, he is not a politician. He is a practical man of affairs, and not a tool of a boss. Such men need not apply.

FRANCE prohibits the importation of American pork, bacon and hams; Germany refuses to admit American sausage and chopped pork, and England permits all these articles to come in but her people pay less for them than for similar products of home-growth. All this means that bad feeding and bad curing have put American hogs under a sanitary ban, and until we render them healthy by proper feeding and care, we have no reason to complain of European regulations on this subject.

THE latest bulletin of the census bureau presents some very interesting statistics relative to silk manufacture in the United States. There are 383 silk factories in the country giving employment to 34,440 people, to whom $9,107,835 are annually paid in wages. The capital involved foots up $15,394,700, and the net value of the manufactured products was last year $14,410,463. The number of looms in the country is 8,467, over one-half of which are located in Paterson and other New Jersey towns. New York is second in this respect, Pennsylvania third and Connecticut fourth. The business is almost wholly conducted in or near New York city.

A TABLE has been prepared by some curious statistician showing the number of senators and representatives in each of the state legislatures. Delaware has only 9 senators, the smallest number, and Illinois 51, the largest number. Indiana, Iowa and North Carolina have however 50 each. The average number is about 33. The lower houses vary greatly in number, beginning with New Hampshire's 379, and running down to Delaware's 21. Vermont has 242 representatives, Connecticut 246, Massachusetts 240, Pennsylvania 201, and Georgia 168. Georgia's is the sixth in size. After Georgia come Illinois with 153, Maine 151, Missouri 143, Virginia 132, New York 128, Kansas and Louisiana each 125.

OLD HANNIBAL HAMLIN who is about to leave the senate first entered congress in 1843, as a member of the house of representatives. There are still living of his colleagues Hamilton Fish and Alexander H. Stephens. When he entered the senate in 1848, Calhoun, Clay and Webster were there. He was then a democrat and he remained one until 1857, when he joined the swelling ranks of republicanism. He left the senate during the Johnson administration, after serving four years as vice-president. In 1869 he re-entered the body in which his swallow-tail coat had become historic, and on the fourth of next month, he will complete a congressional service that covers thirty-four years. His senatorial service and that of Thomas H. Benton are almost exactly alike in duration. The link that connected the old whig days of Zachary Taylor with these lives will disappear from the senate when Hamlin goes out.

JOHN J. MITCHELL, whom the senatorial lightning has struck in Pennsylvania lives in and was born in one of the rugged counties that lie along the northern line of his state. He taught school in early life, served in the army, through out the war, read law at its close, and has since been a lawyer or an editor or an office-holder. He served three years as a district-attorney, three years in the legislature, and on the fourth of March next he will have served four years in the lower house of congress. As no one has heard from him during the past four years, it is not probable that he will cut a prominent figure during a term of six years in the upper house. Doubtless he is a man who knows how to get through this world without stirring up enmity and really without letting people know how he stands on divisions in his own ranks — a politician without positiveness or principles enough to hurt.

The Cotton Exposition.

A meeting of the Industrial Cotton Exposition association was held in the chamber of commerce on yesterday, the proceedings of which will be found elsewhere. A resolution was adopted increasing the membership of the executive committee to twenty-one, and the committee will meet at the same place to-day at eleven o'clock to organize by the election of a chairman, to adopt a definite programme of action, and to enter systematically upon the work. It is of paramount importance that the chairman of the executive committee shall be the most vigorous, aggressive, pertinacious man among us, with time at his command, with ability to organize, zeal to create enthusiasm, and determination to wipe out every drawback.

It may now be said that all obstacles and delays are fairly set aside and no time will be lost in the selection of a proper site, the erection of a suitable exposition building, etc. There is only one thing that can possibly interfere with the complete success of the enterprise, and that is apathy on the part of our own people. If our business men fail to contribute generously of their means and to work vigorously in conjunction with the board of management they will shake the confidence of other communities and dwarf the subscriptions everywhere. While this is a point demanding thoughtful consideration, now there is, however, no reason to apprehend any such result. It is evident from expressions heard in all quarters that Atlanta's contribution to the exposition will do credit to her public spirit, her pride in local institutions and her genuine faith in the beneficient effects of a world's exhibition, comprising as it will, all the machines, implements and devices, for preparing and manufacturing cotton together with the fibres and fabrics of all nations. The handsome subscription of $10,000 to head the list by one of our railroads, is sufficient guarantee that there will be no half way work about it.

The executive committee as now completed comprises many of our most liberal and progressive citizens, and it is their determination to push ahead just as fast as circumstances will permit. The report of Mr. Ryckman, made to the committee, is certainly reassuring and leaves no room to doubt that the exhibits will be very extensive. It is not necessary, at this time, to go over the ground of the vast and ramified benefits that will accrue to Atlanta and the south from the exposition, but in the light of these we urge upon our citizens the most liberal action and hearty accord in carrying the project into effect.

The Democratic Leaders and Tariff Reform.

Mr. J. S. Moore, the tariff expert, who is a free-trader with democratic proclivities, and who is never tired of discussing what is really the most pressing and important public question now before the country, is writing a series of letters to the New York Times in order to bring freshly to the attention of the people the absurdities of our present tariff system. Mr. Moore, as we have said, has democratic proclivities, but he is of the opinion that before we can have anything like genuine tariff reform, the present democratic leaders will have to be laid quietly on the shelf, and the west and south unite to put down the eastern and northern monopolies. In this direction, Mr. Moore has discovered that Mr. Tilden is largely interested in the iron monopoly; that Mr. Abraham Hewitt is one of the largest iron manufacturers in the country; that Mr. Barnum is interested in iron works and railway carwheels; that Mr. William L. Scott is a great iron manufacturer; and that Mr. Samuel J. Randall must go for protection tooth and nail, or else Philadelphia will not send him to congress. Mr. Moore agrees with THE CONSTITUTION that it is the duty of the democratic party to undertake the reform of the system which places an annual tax of many hundred millions upon the agricultural class of the country, and he is of the opinion that, in order to make the way clear the leaders who have carried the party to certain defeat for twenty years past should be sent to the invalid's home. It must be admitted that the leaders whose names we have mentioned, are honest enough, as political honesty goes, but, as Mr. Moore takes pains to point out, human nature protests against the supposition that, as strenuously as they have sought office, they could take any serious interest in democratic success provided that success meant the cutting down of their monopoly profits. A knowledge of these facts was at the bottom of the remarkable attack made upon the tariff plank in the democratic platform towards the close of the recent campaign. We say remarkable, because that word seems to have been coined expressly for use in this connection. The leading republican newspaper in the country had pronounced in favor of tariff reform, and of the dozen or more men who do the thinning of the republican party, more than a majority were known to sanction a careful and just revision of our present system of custom house taxation. In the face of these facts, the republican campaigners and organs blew their horns and rattled their tin-pans to call the attention of the country that the democratic party was making an insidious attempt to destroy the protected industries of the country. The monopolies responded with cash contributions and the republicans carried the war right into the middle of Egypt, so to speak. They succeeded in persuading thousands of alleged intelligent workingmen at the north that the success of the democratic party meant low wages or no wages at all.

We have flung various paper wads at John Kelly, and we have reproduced in various shapes the supposition that in some way or other that disreputable boss is responsible for the defeat of Hancock; but the simple truth is that the policy of the democratic leaders would have defeated the party if John Kelly had been in Alaska. It was a wonderful policy. While the republicans were frightening capital and labor with arguments so insidiously put as to need prompt refutation, the democratic leaders were engaged in lithographing and circulating broadcast over the country a stupid forgery. No serious attempt was made to defend the tariff plank in the democratic platform. Mr. Watterson, the author of the plank in question, gave space in the Courier-Journal to a more or less elaborate exposition of the matter, and other southern newspapers, including THE CONSTITUTION, gave the tariff some attention; but how could a southern newspaper hope to reach northern workingmen? In the meantime, what was the northern democratic press doing? For the most part it was under the shadow of Mr. Barnum's ears, and the most vivid recollection we have of the close of the campaign is a confused mass of lithographed letters with the name of Morey in ten thousand different shades of type. In the history of our politics, no hopeful campaign ever had such a collapse. It was not that that the northern democratic newspapers failed to do their duty, but they looked to the democratic leaders for a cue and received that which insured defeat.

It is perhaps too late to criticise the cause of these disasters, but it is not too late to call attention to them in a genial and quiet way. Our opinion, deliberately expressed months before the campaign opened, is that the democrats missed their opportunity when they permitted Mr. Sam Randall and his packed and subsidized ways and means committee to stand in the way of an immediate revision of the tariff with respect to articles of common necessity. When they failed to enact legislation looking to the relief of the great agricultural and taxpaying classes of the country, they gave up the campaign in advance. That the democratic party will have to make tariff reform an issue, we do not doubt, but, as Mr. Moore says, the campaigns of the future will have to be conducted under new democratic leaders.

CONGER is having his fog-horn oiled for use in the senate.

THE Manchester Union is inclined to confuse such self-appointed democratic leaders as Barnum, and Randall, and Hewitt, with the mass of northern democrats. The Manchester Union knows that but for the amazing imbecility of such leaders as these the democratic party would now be in power. The Union would do well to join THE CONSTITUTION in an attempt to reform the party from within.

THE northern papers are continually printing attacks upon the Hon. Hamilton Griffin, step pa to Miss Mamie Anderson. This shows that the feeling of sectional sm still exists. It need not be stated here that the Hon. Hamilton Griffin is a true son of Kentucky.

THE republican managers propose to shut the colored element out of the inauguration ball to prevent northern republican critics from calling it the in-nigger-ation ball. Corbin is too sensitive.

IT is stated that, out of respect to the memory of the late Chief-Justice Chase, the newspapers will be asked not to report the details of the Sprague divorce case. Under all the circumstances, it seems to us that Mrs. Sprague is the proper person to respect the memory of her father. She should have set the newspapers the example.

IT is a wonder that Mr. Vanderbilt didn't give orders to have his family name cut on the base of the Egyptian monolith.

MOBILE has a sort of drowsy, good-natured dislike of Atlanta. Even this is a healthy sign, for one of these days, the screech-owls will begin to bellow in the woods and then Mobile will wake up and go to work. We wish Mobile very well.

THE junk dealers thrive on congressional documents. If the element of garden seeds were added, the junk dealer would be as happy as the rural constituent.

SCHURZ is very accomplished. He was a piano tuner long before he was a North American patriot.

GORHAM, of the Washington Republican, makes a sly but savage dig at Whitelaw Reid by declaring that there are bourbons in the republican party.

AS Atlanta is soon to be a port of delivery, there must be a collector. This collector will draw a stipend of a thousand dollars a year and have a free pass on the revenue cutters.

CONKLING unbent when he went to Mentor. According to all accounts he went into General Garfield's house through the cat-hole.

A NEW YORK banker, who owns a church discharged the preacher the other day, and all the congregation went with the preacher. The New York banker, it seems, had neglected to purchase the worshippers. Even capitalists are sometimes short-sighted.

FOLGER will go into the cabinet as a sort of compromise. It ought to be a great source of pride to his acquaintances that he can be made an olive branch of.

A NEW YORK paper says that twenty dollars will buy all the books worth reading This is perfectly true. Not only this, but there will be enough money left for a year's subscription to the Police Gazette.

IN GENERAL.

—Little drops of water,
Little bits of rum,
Little touch of the other stuff—
Down she goes—yum! yum!

—Salvini goes in for heavy tragedy. He weighs 227½ pounds.

—The small-pox is increasing at Pittsburg Fully 10,000 people there have never been vaccinated.

—Only twenty-five "persons of color" have thus far purchased $5 tickets to the inauguration ball.

—Mr. Ashmead Bartlett, according to the Fredonian of New Brunswick, N. J., was born and baptized in that city.

—It transpires that the Atlantic Monthly, under Howells's editorship, has been financially a failure. It is said the deficit last year was $20,000.

—Ex Attorney-General Williams, who went out of office poor, has made $75,000 at his law practice. He will soon go to Oregon, and he may become a United States senator.

—There are 400 places in San Francisco where opium is sold, and each place realizes an income of $75 per day. No chance for jealousy in the trade.

—Jenny Lind's first night in America netted $20,000; Rachael's, $5,000; Gerster's, $7,000; Curistine Nilsson's, $3,300, and Sara Bernhardt's little more than $8,000.

—Congress expires on the third legislative day of March, which extends to March 4 at twelve o'clock. Any bill not signed by the president during this session does not become a law.

—The burning of Dr. Ray V. Pierce's great invalid hotel in Buffalo is a very serious loss to the doctor; but he understands the art of advertising so well that we presume he will soon regain his loss.

—"I want no colonies," says Bismarck. "For us in Germany this colonial business would be just like the silks and sables in the noble families of Poland, who have no shirts to their backs."

—The fact that George Eliot died with a volume of Kemper's "Imitation of Christ" in her hands is urged by her friends as showing that she could hardly have been destitute of Christian feeling.

—Some genius has invented a cane that will hold a pint of whisky, and now the Kentucky politicians believe that the telegraph pole is the greatest invention of the age.

—Prince Bismarck in making a speech in the Prussian chamber the other day tersely informed those who were eager for his retirement that he should remain in office as long as he possibly could.

—One of the younger sons of Lord Mansfield, who bears King William IV.'s arms with a bar sinister, has just been converted to Romanism; so that Queen Victoria has now a near blood relation in the Roman ranks.

—Provost Paradol's daughter, who became a nun some years ago, has gone to Egypt to found an convent of the Order of Notre Dame de Sion, a mission which especially devotes itself to the conversion of women of the Semitic race.

—The empress of the French gave £50,000 for Mr Longman's wills, at Farnborough, which is to be her future home. The house is a good one, and stands in very pretty picturesque grounds, but there is only a small quantity of land attached to it.

—Grace Greenwood describes George Eliot as "exceedingly plain, with her aggressive jaw and her expressive blue eyes, but as she grew interested and earnest in conversation, a great light flashed over or out of her face, till it seemed transfigured, while the sweetness of her rare smile was something quite indescribable.

—Mr. Bret Harte is mentioned by a correspondent of the Home News as "the most pronounced cockney in the whole of England." The California story-teller now talks to his American acquaintances about his "dinner last night with lawd so-and-so, deah boy," and his engagement to "go down to "sup with the prince, ye know."

—Mr Richard Grant White, in an article in the March Atlantic, says that about the most amazing piece of paper he ever looked upon was the business card of an English bangman, which read as follows:

WILLIAM MARLEY,
EXECUTIONER.
12 —— Street, Bristol.

N B.—Executions attended to with promptness and dispatch.

—Miss Mildred Lee, daughter of General R E Lee, is said to be a beautiful and queenly woman. She has been in Washington this winter, and has received many attentions. Her daughter of General Lee has married, and Custis Lee, president of the Lee university, is a bachelor long past the meridian of life.

—There will be two Platts in the next United States senate, both republicans—O H Platt, of Connecticut, who was elected in 1879, and Thomas C Platt, of New York recently elected. And there are already two Davises in the senate, of Illinois and West Virginia; two Joneses, of Nevada and Florida, and two Hills, of Georgia and Colorado.

—Puck proposes to rename the months, de cribing them by names which would suggest their most prominent qualities This would enable children to learn the names readily on the kindergarten plan, and the months, if this sensible plan were adopted, would be named as follows:

January would be	Slopuary,	
February "	"	Winduary,
March "	"	Raduary,
April "	"	Buduary,
May "	"	Warmuary,
June "	"	Roastuary,
July "	"	Broiluary,
August "	"	Chilluary,
September "	"	Colduary,
October "	"	Frostuary,
November "	"	Snowuary.

—Mardi Gras festivities appear to be a paying institution to the people of New Orleans. The Democrat of that city estimates the expenses attendant upon it to aggregate $150 000 annually, of which fully one-half is spent among the artists, artisans, sewing-women, etc., of the city, thus taking nothing from the municipal wealth. But while the remaining $75,000 are spent outside the city, there are received from the 30,000 or 40,000 people who come to witness the brilliant spectacles prepared for them, and participate in the festivities of the carnival season, from $2,000,000 to $3,000,000, leaving a handsome balance in the pockets of the citizens and treasury of the city.

—F. E Kimball, a Troy letter carrier, began three years ago to put aside five cents every time he walked to or from the post office—a distance of one mile and a half. During the period he saved $113 25. By a record he faithfully kept it is seen he rode on the horse cars six y three times in 1878 thirty-two times in 1879 and seven times last year—making the total number of rides 102 Kimball walked the distance between his residence and the post office 226 times, aggregating 339½ miles, showing that pedestrianism agrees with man. It might be stated this "Uncle Sam's boy" never lost a single trip through sickness since he assumed the duties of letter carrier, over four years ago.

Cabinet-Building.

Chicago Times.

Though the cabinet-makers have displayed marvelous industry during a space of three months, they have only succeeded in completing three different cabinets. This is doing their work at the rate of only one cabinet a month—of remarkably slow rate of production, considering the great number and extraordinary skill of the cabinet-makers.

The three finished cabinets are placed on exhibition below:

No. 1 (Absolutely decided upon):
Foreign Affairs—James G. Blaine (premier).
Treasury—William B. Allison.
Interior—A. A. Sargent.
War—(D Cameron's man).
Navy—Nathan Goff.
Attorney General—Joshua Hill.
Postmaster General—Levi P. Morton.

No. 2 (Absolutely fixed):
Foreign Affairs—James G. Blaine (premier)
Treasury—Levi P. Morton.
Interior—Charles Foster.
War—(J. Logan's man.)
Navy—James F. Wilson.
Attorney General—Emory Storrs.
Postmaster General—Mr. Jewell.

No 3 (About to be warranted):
Foreign Affairs—James G. Blaine (premier).
Treasury—Judge Folger.
Interior—Timothy O Howe.
War—(R. Conkling's man.)
Navy—Robert Lincoln.
Attorney General—William Windom.
Navy—Robert Lincoln.
Postmaster General—Charles Foster.

It will be seen that these three cabinets are exactly alike in the top compartment. The advantage of this arrangement will be manifest to those who understand that government will contain only one cabinet. Whichever one of these ready-made cabinets Mr. Garfield, upon inspection, may decide to take, it is certain to contain one piece which every one of the industrious host of cabinet-makers can claim to have fabricated. If all the cabinet makers had not managed to agree upon at least one part of this interesting article of political furniture, the disappointment among the prospective artificers might have been universal.

The Most Wonderful of Wedded Lives.

Glasgow Herald.

Sheriff Barclay, at Perth, has just held an inquest under the prisons act on a man who had died in the lunatic ward of the general prison for Scotland. The evidence disclosed some eventful and very romantic phases of this man's life. He had been acquitted at a circuit court at Jedburg for the crime of murder, but on proof that he had been and was still insane, he was ordered to be detained in prison during the pleasure of her majesty. He was in 1865 transmitted to the lunatic wards of the general prison. In 1875 he was so far restored that, on medical certificate, he was released on probation under an order of the secretary of state He then took up his abode at Coldstream, of which place he was a native. Soon after his first commitment to the prison a woman in another county was also brought before a judiciary court, charged also with murder. she in like manner was found to be insane, and accordingly was committed to the general prison. The two had been each other's wives, but she, too, had so far recovered as soon after his release, she was also set at liberty on a probationary order. She went her way to Coldstream, and there the two lunatic murderers were wedded together. The man soon relapsed into a state of lunacy, and attempted to commit suicide, and therefore was recommitted to his old quarters at Perth. At no lengthened interval the woman, now as his wife, also relapsed into insanity and was sent back to the prison where her husband had preceded her He died from cancer in the stomach on the 9th of January last, and was buried in the graveyard of the prison. The wife is still an inmate of the lunatic ward of the general prison.

Industrial Changes.

Boston Advertiser.

The Charleston News and Courier, THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION, the New Orleans Times, and not a few other southern journals following their example, have during the present season discussed the practical progress of the south to the unfolding in a spirit with which no reasonable northern man has any right to complain. Fully recognizing the change of circumstances which a change of constitutions has brought about, they have addressed themselves in real earnest to the discussion of the new requirements; and, while differing about theories which have divided mankind from the foundation of the world, they have agreed as to what must be done to promote the prosperity of their section and the happiness of the whole country. They plainly see that for the material, industrial and educational building up of the south they have great advantages, and can offer adequate inducements to capital, enterprise and intellectual ability to co-operate with them They also see that political ascendancy on the traditional color line, however successful in certain localities, is hopeless in the nation; and that their political action in the future must be based upon new issues, and fought out, as they were in the last Georgia state election, independently of conventional party lines

Cotton Fields and Cotton Mills.

Chicago Times.

Economists tell us that, with the next twenty years, America will need fifteen millions of new spindles, with corresponding machinery, for the transformation of the chief product of southern agriculture into other commodities of commerce. Where should these new spindles be set in operation? The answer of economy is: Where the transformation of raw material can be effected, and the new commodities be placed on the best markets at the least cost. Obviously, then, the cotton field, the cotton mill and the railway number should be brought together. The cotton fields cannot be moved from the southern latitude. Nature has given to the southern one third of America, east of the continental divide, virtually a monopoly of this product for the world; for, though the climate and soil of India and portions of Mexico and south America are adapted to the cultivation of cotton, experiment has shown that a new civilization must appear in those countries before its cultivation can be successfully introduced For an indefinite period of the future, the southern portion of America will continue to be the cotton-producing region. Why may it not also be the chief cotton-manufacturing region on this continent? Why should not the fact that the cotton-growing region has a monopoly of the cotton-growing industry cause to spring up there the most extensive manufacturing industry of the land?

Small Farms.

Montezuma Weekly.

What we want is small farms well cultivated. Thirty acres in a good crop for a horse at the north, while here we burden him down with fifty and often even sixty acres. The result is that crops are half cultivated and allowed to be choked by weeds and grass. Every weed and sprig of grass that grows in your field takes that much sustenance from the ground, which is needed by your other plant. It is a mistaken idea that dead grass ploughed under helps to enrich the land. As soon as a sprig appears it ought to be destroyed in some way. It has a ready growth, and can only be kept in subjection by going over it often. If you want to be successful in your farm, study farming Learn what fertilizers are best adapted to your particular land. Have but a few acres to each plow, and that can be well attended to. We have passed by fields in Macon county often where the weeds and grass were more flourishing than the corn or cotton growing thereon. As long as this is kept up our country will continue to grow poorer. Farmers, study this subject and you will become occupants of comfortable homes of man, but don't degrade it any longer by allowing the "tares" to spring up and consume the bountiful harvest which God is willing to give you.

The Farmer's Gold Mine.

Milledgeville Union and Recorder.

A manure pile has been called the farmer's gold mine, and he certainly secures from his horses, cows and hogs, and supplemented with some of the excellent commercial fertilizers, the crops of corn and cotton may be more than doubled. In a few years, by careful management, land may be made to double and even treble its ordinary productions. A farmer lacks the start he should procure it as quickly as possible. On a small or large farm, cattle will more than pay the expense with their milk, butter and manure. We fear the people of the south do not estimate them at their true value. Those who deem them expensive will find it to profit, will change their opinion when, upon a fair trial, they discover that the products of a few acres, will with ordinary pasturage and other cheap feeding, enable them to make more with less labor and double the number. We believe Mr Greeley was right when nearly forty years ago he said the south needed nothing so much as an increase of stock. All that is necessary to make them more profitable than anything else is judicious management We have other things that we wish to say in this connection but must postpone them for want of time and space.

The Georgia District Judge.

Chicago Tribune's Washington Letter.

It is understood here in well informed circles that, if it will increase Mr. Matthew's chances of being confirmed, the president will withdraw the name of Judge Billings, recently nominated to succeed Judge Woods in the Georgia district. should the name of Judge Billings be withdrawn, it is understood that the Hon. George S. Thomas, of Atlanta, will be strongly indorsed to succeed Judge Woods. Judge Thomas is spoken of as a gentlemen of high character, an able jurist, and a sound republican, a native of Georgia, a union man during the war and since. While differing in politics with the leading lawyers of his state, he has always retained the respect of the ablest and most eminent of all parties in the state. I am informed that, had his credentials been received before the nomination of Judge Billings was made, his name might have been presented. A prominent politician of this city writes to a friend here as follows: "I shall not be surprised if Judge Billings's name is withdrawn."

The Mexican Veterans.

Louisville Courier-Journal.

Those who declare that the country cannot afford to give pensions of $8 a month to a handful of Mexican veterans, should remember that congress voted $10,000,000 in pensions last year to soldiers of the late war. Of the amount now annually paid to the pensioners on the register, the commissioner of pensions says 10 per cent at least is paid to fraudulent claimants The duty of congress is to see that these fraudulent claimants' names are stricken off the roll, and that the names of the genuine Mexican veterans are substituted. The Mexican veterans have not long to live, and justice demands that their services shall be appropriately recognized.

Sick of Sectional Hate.

Vicksburg Herald.

The bourbon papers assert that Lamar voted to relire Grant to gain the good will of the northern people. Will what of it? Doesn't the south need the good will of the northern people? It strikes us we can stand the good will of the whole world for about twenty years On the same principle, if all the southern democrats had voted the same way we would have been rejoiced at it. We are heartily sick of this stalwart and bourbon hate. We want the good will of the northern people.

Tennessee Mob Rule.

Augusta Chronicle.

What inducements can that state and this section—for the work of the lynchers brings down the south into a level of denunciation—offer to immigrants coming to this country? Of little value are fine lands and healthful climate, rich timber, valuable mines or cheap taxes, if lynch law is the arbiter of human action, and mob violence the avenger of human guilt.

Graceful and Proper.

Philadelphia Times.

It would be a graceful and in every way a proper act for General Garfield to call Robert T. Lincoln to his cabinet as secretary of the interior. Mr Lincoln does not possess the great qualities of his father, but he has inherited all of his father's stern integrity and sincere devotion to country, and he is much more able than his modest life has demonstrated to the world.

Living in Hope.

Chicago Times.

Roach and Eads, and the subsidy hunters generally, are getting black eyes from congress just now; but let them live in hope. The 4th of March is coming, and the majority is to change.

With Lanterns in Their Hands.

Boston Herald.

The colored men of Georgia, especially the farmers, are marching on with the lantern of progress in their hands. They are becoming very generally subscribers to newspapers.

—Sound repose is so essential to good health that we feel surprised to know any one would risk loss of rest from a Cough or Cold, when a bottle of Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup would give refreshing slumber.

A Cheerful Way.

Sheboygan Falls, Wis., Sheboygan County News.

Cheerfulness discounts gloom every time. We never saw a happy, smiling man or woman but what we mentally praised them as public benefactors Yet, even they can not be quite so joyous when suffering from pain—neuralgia for instance. In relation to this malady, Mr M Guyett, Proprietor Guyett House, thus answered our representative: I have used St. Jacobs Oil for neuralgia, and can confidently recommend it to any one similarly affected. Mr E P. Bryant, Druggist, said: I sell more of St. Jacobs Oil than of all other kinds of liniments together; and it gives the best satisfaction of any liniment I ever sold. In this he is joined by Mr. Ferd Thieman, whose experience has been similar. And thus from every point we hear of the unqualified indorsements by the public and the trade of the marvelous efficacy of St. Jacobs Oil, and the press everywhere praises its great worth.

—We believe that Tutt's Pills are destined to be the medicine of the world. They impart a power by which every organ of the body becomes healthy. Very few diseases exist that cannot be relieved by purging the bowels and restoring the liver to its normal condition, and for this purpose no remedy has ever been invented that has as happy an effect as these pills. They never wrench the system, but act mildly, and give tone to the whole body.

—Minnesota has had thirteen blizzards thus far this winter.

Cleopatra!

Her power was retained by force of personal charms. She led the old "boys" captive whenever she talked "pretty" to them and showed her teeth. History should tell us that she used SOZODONT, but it don't The preparation she used might have had another name then.

feb22—d3tuesthursa&wlt

—Parson Talmage, of the Brooklyn tabernacle, has had his salary increased from $7,000 to $12 000 per annum. This fails a long way short of Beecher's salary; but a man ought to be able to smite a great deal of sin for $1 000 a month—no deduction on account of wet weather.

An Old Lady writes us, "I am 65 years old and was feeble and nervous all the time, when I bought a bottle of Parker's Ginger Tonic. I have used a little more than one bottle and feel as well as at 30, and am sure that hundreds need just such a medicine." See advertisement.

feb16—dlm tues thur sat &wkylm

—Chief Justice Folger, who is regarded by many as Garfield's secretary of the treasury, is a tall man, with mutton chop whiskers, and he has great gravity of manner. There are people who believe that if he becomes secretary of the treasury Mr. Morton will be sent as minister to England.

Truth in a nutshell is, White's Cream Vermifuge is the best remedy for worms It moves them when all else fails. Price 25 cents a bottle.

feb 19—dlw sat tues thurs&wlt

—Carlyle has been more fortunate than was Dickens in having his wishes in regard to his last resting place obeyed Dickens expressed in writing his desire that he should be buried in a quiet churchyard in Kent. Clerical influence was brought to bear on the family of the novelist to have his body interred in Westminster Abbey, and that influence prevailed.

A Pure and Effective Hair dressing. **Cocoaine** a compound of Cocoanut Oil, beautifies the hair and is sure to allay all itching and irritation of the scalp

THE superiority of **Burnett's Flavoring Extracts** consists in their perfect purity and strength.

—Senator Conkling is the greatest actor in American politics to-day. It was worth a whole season of the society drama to see him walk into the hall of the republican convention last June. When he came into the joint convention of congress to count the electoral vote the other day, he was as unusual punctually five minutes late, and in his most emotional mood The temptation to throw him a bouquet was almost irresistible, especially as bouquets are cheap in Washington.

COLUMBUS, GA., January 17, 1878.

DR. C. J. MOFFETT—Dear Sir: Last summer, when our little girl was teething, we tried a great number of prescriptions, but none of them relieved her. We finally had brought to our notice your FEMALE TONIC (Soothing Powders), and used them with the happiest result. They gave her a speedy and permanent relief. I very heartily recommend them to others. Yours truly,
G. R. GLENN,
President Columbus Female College.

Its speedy cures of Sores and Eruptions upon the Skin have been remarkable.
GOLDTHWAITE & SON,
Druggists, Troy, Ala.

febl—dlm tues thur sat & wkylm

—Northerners who went south this winter in search of warmer temperatures and better health took their cold weather with them. It has been uncomfortably cold even in Florida Only among the sea islands, protected by broad belts of warm sea water, has the health-seeking invalid been able to find an equable and soothing atmosphere unvexed by the cold storms that have ravaged the continent on both sides of the Atlantic.

Why will You Die?

Or suffer, or lie sick in bed for days, simply because you neglect to be warned of impending danger by your Headaches, gloomy despondent feelings and sallow complexion. Live well and be cheerful by taking H. H. P.

109 augd&fly

—There is considerable opposition to Senator Beck's re-election in Kentucky, and Williams, his colleague, has the credit of spurring it on. The issue is entering into the contests for the next legislature, which settles the matter, Congressman Carlisle and Judge William Lindsey both aspiring for the succession. Kentucky might go further and fare worse than with Beck's Scotch stubbornness.

An Indian Raid

Is nothing to the havoc made on the system by Liver Complaint, with its Disorders of Stomach, Bowels and Kidneys, Dyspepsia, Headache, Nervousness, Bilious Fevers, Ague, Rheumatism and Debility. Drugs will not give relief Dr. Flagg's Improved Liver and Stomach Pad is the only remedy.

feb20—d&wlw

—It is now stated that Whitelaw Reid, of the New York Tribune, is engaged to the daughter of D O Mills, the California millionaire's reports. If all the newspaper reports had been true, Mr. Reid must be a gay deceiver He has been credited from time to time with the possession of many hearts, including those belonging to Anna Dickinson, Kate Field, Miss Nellie Hutchinson, the poetess, and Miss Huntington, of California.

Eminent Dr. C. C. Clark,

OSWEGO, N. Y.,

Writes: "Colden's LIEBIG'S LIQUID EXTRACT OF BEEF is by far the best of all preparations of the kind (Food and Tonic) that I have ever used."

DANIEL & MARSH, Agents.
204 june11—d&wly fol im rd mat J

—Lady Burdett-Coutts Bartlett remained in the country last week, but is expected to return to London soon. Active preparations are being made on both sides for legal proceedings under the Duchess of St. Alban's will. The queen since the wedding, the date of which was communicated to her, reiterated her expression of surprise and displeasure that the ceremony should have been accomplished notwithstanding her disapproval.

A Cough, Cold or Sore Throat should be stopped at once. Neglect frequently results in an **Incurable Lung Disease or Consumption. BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES** do not disorder the stomach like cough syrups and balsam, but **act directly on the inflamed parts,** allaying irritation, give relief in **Asthma, Bronchitis, Coughs, Catarrh** and the **Throat Troubles** which **Singers and Public Speakers** are subject to. Sold at 25 cts a box everywhere.

699 jan30—d&wlm hot col fol pure rd mat

HYMENEAL.

FULLER—McGAUGHEY—Married at the residence of Mrs. C. B McGaughey, Athens, Tennessee, February 23, by Rev. R. J. Cooke, of Atlanta, Mr O C Fuller, of Atlanta, Ga., to Miss S. McGaughey, of Athens, Tennessee.

MURPHY—RUSSELL—On the 23d inst at the residence of Judge S. B. Hoyt, Robert W. Murphy, Esq., of Cartersville, Ga., to Miss Georgia B. Russell, of this city.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

DR. ED. J. CAMP,

Junction of East Fair and Whitehall streets.

Special Pneumonia and Typhoid Fevers experience of fifteen years without the loss of a case. 530 Jan23—d3m

BIDS

FOR MAKING 1,000,000 BRICK, WITHIN the city limits, on our land, will be entertained during the next 5 days. Privilege of accepting or rejecting any bids, reserved.
FULTON COTTON SPINNING CO.,
Office Elsas, May & Co., Atlanta, Ga.
feb24 d3t

WILL ENTERTAIN BIDS

FOR FURNISHING TIMBER AND LUMBER, much of it heavy planking, for constructing Cotton Mill, Warehouse, etc., amounting to about 500,000 feet. Early attention required. Privilege of accepting or rejecting any bids, reserved.
FULTON COTTON SPINNING CO.,
Office Elsas, May & Co., Atlanta, Ga.
feb24 d3t

JOHN HOSER, FAIA
ARCHITECT.
65 Whitehall street over Schumann's Drug Store

AMUSEMENTS.

Satisfaction Guaranteed.
All Work Promptly Attended.

A. W. KRIES,
THE BILL POSTER
SUCCESSOR TO
GEORGE J. JOHNSTON,
At his old office,
NO. 8 WEST WALL STREET,
feb24 d4t ATLANTA, GEORGIA

Opera House
THE MINSTREL BOOM
ONE NIGHT ONLY, of Refined Entertainment
Thursday, February 24.
The only Original BILLY ARLINGTON'S
MINSTRELS.

24	PERFORMERS	24
8	Celebrated Comedians	8
8	Great End Men	8
6	Song and Dance Artists	8
6	Unequaled Clog Dancers	6

ARLINGTON'S
CALIFORNIA QUARTETTE.

Grand Mardi Gras Street Parade at 11:30 a. m.
Admission as usual; reserved seats at Philip's Drew's Book and Music Store. feb20 d4t

Friday and Saturday, Feb. 25 and 26.
GRAND SATURDAY MATINEE
Miles's Juvenile Opera Company.

This celebrated organization, comprising all the best artists of the once famous Haverly's Juvenile Opera Co., consolidated with the best actors of the Miles Company, making the greatest and most perfect troupe ever before seen in America, will appear in this city FRIDAY EVENING in the charming Opera of Piaquette,
CHIMES OF NORMANDY.
SATURDAY EVENING in the lively Opera of Lecocq,
LITTLE DUKE.
With complete Choruses and fine Music.
SIGNOR CARLO TORRIANI, Musical Director.
Prices as usual; reserved seats at Phillips & Crew's Music Store feb20 d3t—20 23 2 25 26

LOTTERY.

L. S. L.
A SPLENDID OPPORTUNITY . . . WINA FORTUNE, THIRD GRAND DISTRIBUTION, CLAS

PATENT MEDICINES.

25¢.

Reader! Have you caught a cold? Are you unable to raise the phlegm? Have you an oppression on the lungs with short breath? Do you have a fit of coughing on lying down? A sharp pain now and then in the region of the heart and shoulders? A chilly sensation down the back? If so, delay is dangerous. "Slight colds," if neglected, often result in consumption, when the remedy, if applied promptly, would have averted all danger. For twenty-five cents you can get the remedy which the test of twenty years has proved to be the most valuable Lung Balsam ever discovered.

TUTT'S EXPECTORANT

Will enable you to raise the phlegm, cause pleasant sleep and you will wake in the morning, cough gone, lungs working freely, and breathing easy. It is a preventive and cure for croup and a pleasant cordial. Children love it. No family should be without it. Sold by druggists in 25c and $1 bottles. Principal office 35 Murray St., New York.

TUTT'S PILLS!

A safe and gentle purgative, recommended for the cure of all diseases of the stomach, liver and bowels. They purify the blood, increase the appetite, cause the body to Take on Flesh, and by their Tonic Action on the Digestive Organs, Regular Stools are produced. As a cure for Chills and Fever, Dyspepsia, Sick Headache, Biliousness, Colic, Constipation, Rheumatism, Piles, Palpitation of the Heart, Pain in the Side, Back and Loins, and Female Irregularities, they are without a rival. If you do not "feel very well," a single pill at bedtime stimulates the stomach, restores the appetite, and imparts vigor to the system. Price 25c. Office, 35 Murray St., New York.

WRITE FOR TUTT'S MANUAL FREE.

6m apfri—dly tues thur sat dwly nr rd mat

HOSTETTER'S

CELEBRATED

STOMACH

BITTERS

No Time should be Lost

If the stomach, liver and bowels are affected, to admit the sure remedy, Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. Diseases of these organs cannot be regarded as mere serious and a delay is therefore hazardous. Dyspepsia, liver complaint, chills and fever, rheumatic twinges, kidney weakness, bringing serious befog ity trouble if trifled with in ce to time in using this effective, safe an long known medicine.

For sale by all Druggists and Dealers generally.

feb4—dim tues thur sat & wkly nr rd mat

DR. RICORD'S RESTORATIVE PILLS

ARE A SPECIFIC FOR EXHAUSTED VITALITY, Physical Debility, etc. Approved by the Academy of Medicine of Paris, and by the medical celebrities of the world. Prepared after the formula of the celebrated Dr. RICORD, containing no phosphorus or cantharides, but are purely a Vegetable, Sugar Coated Pill.

PARIS, 185 Rue de la Rambeau.

I have been recommending Dr. RICORD'S RESTORATIVE in my practice to hundreds of patients for sexual Debility, and never heard of a single failure. [Signed] CHAVALIER.

Dr. Labuze, the great German chemist, writes: "Dr RICORD'S RESTORATIVE is organic, not a laboratory compound."

Dr Rudall writes: "In debility of the sexual organs it never fails to cure."

Price—B x of fifty, $1 50; boxes of 100, $2.75; boxes of 200, $5. Sent by mail, in sealed boxes, on receipt of price.

For sale by Lamar, Rankin & Lamar, Atlanta.

CAUTION.

A spurious article is advertised as Ricord's Vital Restorative, dose 15 pills per day, which falsely proclaims to be from Paris, are made here, and not from Dr. Ricord's formula, and are made of injurious drugs.

The inventor of Ricord's Vital Restorative, S. B. Sigesmond, has publicly stated that he had analyzed Dr. Ricord's Restorative Pills, and found that they contained only ½ gr. Damiana.

The following certificate from a well known, old and responsible house, is sufficient to prove how much confidence can be placed in any statement made by said Mr Sigesmond:

"We can affirm that Ricord's Restorative Pills, sold by R. L. De Lisser, are composed of purely vegetable ingredients, FIVE different kinds, which are recommended as ranking high in the Ass of Restorative Remedies. The charge that the Pill contains each ½ gr. Damiana each is wholly incorrect, such a claim could not be determined by analyses, that develops only such constituents as alkaloids, resin and gum, etc., such a thing as Extract Damiana could not be determined by it.

"HANCE BROS & WHITE,
"Manufacturing Chemists,
"Philadelphia, Pa."

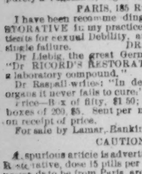
I have also, officer said Sig smond a wager o $500 that he cannot analyze Dr. RICORD'S RESTORATIVE PILLS. As yet he has not answered.

R. L. DE LISSER,
28 Beaver Street, New York,
General Agent for Dr. Ricord's Restorative Pills.
nov16—dly&m nr rd mtr

Ladies

Do you want a pure, blooming Complexion? If so, a few applications of Hagan's MAGNOLIA BALM will gratify you to your heart's content. It does away with Sallowness, Redness, Pimples, Blotches, and all diseases and imperfections of the skin. It overcomes the flushed appearance of heat, fatigue and excitement. It makes a lady of THIRTY appear but TWENTY; and so natural, gradual, and perfect are its effects, that it is impossible to detect its application.

febl—dly tues thur sat sun nol nr rd mat



A MEDICO-CASTILE LICENSE OF THE FIRST CLASS.

Prepared from tropical fruits and vegetable plants.

Is the Best and Most Agreeable Preparation in the World.

For Constipation, Biliousness, Headache, Torpid Liver, Hemorrhoids, Indisposition, and all Disorders arising from an obstructed the system.

Large bottles 50c. CLASS DRUGGISTS.

SOLD BY

Sold by Druggists.

PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM

The best and most economical preparation for Hair Dressing.

nov16—dly tues thur sat sun nol nr rd mat

Just Behold and Read Attentively!

ALL THAT HAVE CATARRH IN ANY OF ITS FORMS, Sore Throat, Consumption, Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Liver, Kidney diseases), and all the diseases of the blood, we can cure. Father Bottoff has discovered in an ancient Irish Physician's record. Cure on his face (left no scar) Scrofula, Eczema, Scrofula, Consumption, Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Ulcers, Dyspepsia, Bronchitis, Sore Throat, Catarrh. This medicine is made in a concentrated form (including stamp) M. M. WILLIAMS & CO., 33 Decatur street, Atlanta, Ga., or Louisville, Ky. 6.8 apr20—dly

ALL AROUND US.

What the People of the State Are Doing

GREENVILLE, S. C., February 22.—This has been an eventful day for our mountain city. The fire department, consisting of a steam fire engine, one hook and ladder company and two hand engines, the two white companies and the last two colored, paraded the streets to-day, and were inspected by the mayor and aldermen. They are a fine looking body of men and do good service when needed. After the inspection the colored companies amused themselves by throwing water "mit the engine." The day passed off pleasantly, everybody sober — Mr. William A. Brockman, a mercantile broker of this city, was married this afternoon to Miss Eliza Hern. They left on the afternoon train for New Orleans, where they will remain for a few days. We hear of others who expect to embark in the business of matrimony. I go to the inaugural at Washington. Colonel Griffin, of Atlanta, is still in charge of the Air-Line depot here. He makes a very efficient and accommodating officer and the road is fortunate in having such gentlemen connected with them. I wish we had a few more such roads as the Air Line in our country. We would then be built up side enough. — We learn that Col. F. Gary, of Pickens county, a deputy United States marshal, was shot a few days ago. Have not learned the particulars. — The Presbyterian people here will certainly have a new church building from the proceeds of subscriptions are being put down. The estate is looking up in this country. Real estate is looking up in this country. Real estate is looking up in this country. Real

China Dinner Tea and Toilet Sets, Vases, Seth Thomas Clocks, Maddocks's splendid English Granite, Rodgers' fine Cutlery, Spoons, Forks, Castors, Woodware, Lamps, Chimneys, Looking Glasses to trade at manufacturerers prices by McBRIDE & CO. Merchants can save a fair profit on freights by buying from McBride & Co.
jan26—d1y above we re top col

COTTON AND WEATHER.

COTTON, middling upland closed in Liverpool yesterday, at 6⅝; in New York, 11 9-16; in Atlanta, 10¾c.

THE signal service Bureau report indicates for Georgia to-day, clear or partly cloudy weather, variable winds, generally shifting to colder northerly, followed by rising barometer.

Daily Weather Report.

OBSERVER'S OFFICE, SIGNAL CORPS, U. S. A. ATLANTA, KIMBALL HOUSE, February 23, 10:31, P. M.

All observations taken at the same moment of actual time.

NAME OF STATION	Barometer	Thermometer	Humidity*	WIND. Direction.	WIND. Force.	Rainfall.	Weather
Atlanta	30.16	48	69	N. W.	Fresh	.00	Clear.
Augusta	30.15	56	51	W.	Fresh	.00	Clear.
Gordons	30.18	59	44	n.	Fresh	.00	Clear.
Galveston	30.26	57	87	S.	Fresh	.00	Clear.
Indianola	30.24	56	87	S.	Fresh	.00	Clear.
Key West	30.24	66	5	N.	Fresh	.00	Clear.
Mobile	30.23	57	63	S. W.	Fresh	.00	Clear.
Montgomery	30.21	56	80	W.	Gent	.00	Clear.
New Orleans	30.25	60	55	W	Gent	.00	Clear.
Pensacola	30.24	57	63	S. W.	Gent	.00	Clear.
Savannah	30.14	59	48	W.	Fresh	.00	Clear.

*100 per cent. being complete saturation.

NOTE.—FORCE OF WIND: Light, 1 to 2 miles per hour, inclusive; Gentle, 3 to 5, inclusive; Fresh 6 to 4, inclusive; Brisk, 15 to 20, inclusive; High, 20 to 30, inclusive.

Local Weather Report.

ATLANTA, GA., February 23, 1881

Time.	Barometer.	Thermometer.	Humidity	WIND. Direction	WIND. Force.	Rainfall.	WEATHER.
6:31 a.m	30 10	45	69	W.	Fresh	.00	Clear.
10:31 \	30.10	56	38	W.	Brisk	...	Clear.
2 p. m.	30.06	9	27	N. W.	Brisk	0.0	Clear.
6:31 p. m.	30.14	57	46	N. W.	Fresh	...	Clear.
10:31 "	30.16	48	49	N. W.	Fresh	.00	Clear.

Mean daily bar 30.107 | Maximum thermometer 61
Mean daily ther 42.5 | Minimum thermometer 45
Mean daily humid 42.7 | Total rainfall .00

H. HALL,
Sergeant Signal Corps, U. S. A.

PERSONAL LOCALS.

Rogers & son's and John Russell's Cutlery and Plated-ware; Haviland & Co.'s China, from France; Limoges from Germany; Brighton and French Earthenware, English and French, in endless varieties and decorations, imported by myself direct from the manufacturers. I challenge competition in prices, style and quality.
HENRY SCHLEIER.
nov24—d1y sat sun mon

AT WHOLESALE.

THE "NEW" STEWART.
Agents and Dealers send for trade prices.
THE "GENUINE" STEWART.
Agents and Dealers send for trade prices.
Sewing Machine Attachments.
Agents and Dealers send for trade prices.
Sewing Machine Needles.
Agents and Dealers send for trade prices
Sewing Machine Oil.
Agents and Dealers send for trade prices.
Parts for all Machines.
Agents and Dealers send for trade prices.
Tin Paris Plaiters.
Young's Improved Plaiters,
Reamers, Journels, Casters, Belts, and other auxiliaries for all machines.
Address
FRED BELL & CO.,
Atlanta, Georgia.
july27—d12m pref lo

&Co
Sewing Machines, Needles, Oil, etc.
ATLANTA AND NEW YORK,
No. 48 Whitehall Street, Atlanta, Ga.
THE LARGEST BOTTLES.
We guarantee to give more and better Oil and at less price than any competitor.
THE SMALLEST MONEY.
mar13 dly

HAVE YOUR WATCHES REPAIRED,
BY SKILLED WORKMEN,
AT THE
WATCH FACTORY OF
J. P. STEVENS & CO.
34 Whitehall Street,
ATLANTA, GEORGIA
mar4 dly feb20—

BRIEFLETS.

[Notices of meetings, not exceeding ten lines, will be inserted under this head for one dollar.]

Royal Arcanum.

Atlanta Council No 169, R. A., meets to-night promptly at 7½ o'clock. All members and visiting brothers cordially invited to attend. Hall over Lowry's bank, corner Alabama and Loyd streets
feb24 d1t G S PRIOR, Secretary.

Dr. Abbie E Cutter will lecture this afternoon at 3 o'clock, in Scien tific Hall, 9 W Mitchell street, near Broad, to ladies only. Illustrated by life size dissecting manikin, by which every organ in the body can be shown separately. Friday night she will lecture to men only feb24 d1t

A Novel and Interesting Business.

Among the numerous developments in business in our midst, we note the establishment of the American patent agency at No 50 Marietta street This is a novel and interesting business, requiring not only a peculiar and extensive legal knowledge, but also, and in connection therewith, a high order of distributive mechanical knowledge To successfully bring patents before the public and best serve the interest of inventors, not only requires this rare combination of talent but as well the sound discretion and practical, good sense acquired by years of experience with its intricate and minute details The manager of this, the southern agency, F E Zerbe, Esq., seems to be the happy possessor of these qualities A call at his office, an examination of the many models on exhibition, with his intelligent description of the numerous details and branches will convince all skeptics of this fact. The character of the agency, however, and its respectable nature can best be gained by a perusal of its issues, the inventor's Manual and the American Inventor, the names thereto attached bearing some of our most noted and public-spirited citizens

The Rush at Joan Keely's.

A rush at this season of the year is some thing almost unprecedented in the dry goods trade, but yet, John Keely is enjoying that luxury just now His bargains are utterly irresistible for the following reasons: First, they consist of such classes of goods as recommend themselves at first sight to all who examine them Second, they are fresh, new spring goods, and have real merit as to quality, style, etc., and "though last not least," they are not to be duplicated for a less price elsewhere This then accounts for the rush at Keely's store yesterday, and upon the same grounds, we predict for him a continuance of this "rush" for he assures us that he will constantly lay before his patrons good goods away below their regular prices. His line of check and beautiful boys' clothing, will be very attractive to mothers, for usually it has been difficult to find an assortment in that line, and then his prices are so very low; just fancy a nice suit of jacket, vest and pants for $2.00 and $2.50 a suit! This places within the reach of everybody, nicely made, well cut, neat children's clothing. One thing we always notice that whatever John Keely, "the leader of low prices" takes hold of, must be sold cheap! cheaper than!

Barlow's Barlow.

About seven o'clock last night George Barlow, a negro man, entered Mr. Samuel Dunlap's house, on Laird street, and began a quarrel with one of the servants, and by drawing his knife succeeded in frightening the inmates of the house so much that a policeman was sent for Officer Brooks responded, and when he came upon the scene Barlow was holding a big carnival in the cook room, but when he sighted the cop Barlow sought for safety in flight. After a quite a race he was captured and taken to the station-house, where a city case was entered against him. To-day a warrant charging him with assault and battery will be sworn out, and Barlow will answer two charges in as many courts.

For His Board Bill.

Henry Davis was yesterday before Judge Tanner for trial upon a warrant charging him with cheating and swindling. The complainant was one Dudley, a boarding house keeper, who alleged that the defendant declined to liquidate his board bill. Before the case was concluded a compromise was effected and the defendant released.

THE MAIN CHANCE.

ATLANTA'S PRESENT OPPORTUNITY.

A Meeting Yesterday in the Interest of the Exposition—The Secretary's Report of Northeastern Encouragement—The Executive Committee To-Day.

A meeting of the Cotton Exposition association was held in the chamber of commerce at noon yesterday to hear the report of the secretary, Mr. J. W. Ryckman, who has just returned from an extended tour throughout New England, and to adopt measures to carry out the plan of the exposition.

The meeting was called to order by Major J. F. Cummings, resident vice president, who stated the necessity of immediate, definite action. He believed that so much time had been allowed to pass without any decisive steps being taken that any further delays would impair the extent and general usefulness of the exhibition. He understood that Mr. Ryckman had recently been among the cotton men of the northeast and would like to know from him how the project is received there and to what extent exhibits may be expected.

Mr. Ryckman said that since he left Atlanta some weeks ago he had visited most of the cities of New England, New York and Pennsylvania where machinery and implements for manipulating cotton are manufactured. He had conferred with all the leading machine builders and others interested in the cotton industry, and was glad to be able to report that without a single exception they contemplate exhibiting in Atlanta. He had everywhere found favor for the project, accounting to enthusiasm, and he had yet to hear the first expression from any man of doubt or disfavor. He continued: "That the exposition will be held, and that it will be a great success, is now beyond all question; that it will mark a new era of progression in the south is equally sure, but that it requires immediate, decisive and earnest labor is true above all things." Mr. Ryckman concluded his remarks by appealing forcibly for hearty and liberal co operation in the work, and pointing to the splendid effect of the exposition upon the commercial future of Atlanta and the whole south.

Mr. H. I Kimball said he could not impress too strongly upon the minds of the gentlemen present the necessity of getting to work. Our time is short, yet we cannot postpone the event; to do so would be a hazardous display of weakness, and would doubtless put an end to the whole affair—at least, so far as Atlanta is concerned. He believed this to be Atlanta's opportunity and said that it would never come again in so propitious a form. He hoped that to prevent further loss of time, the executive committee might be definitely organized at once and proceed to adopt a methodical plan of operation. He considered this the first thing to be accomplished, because upon that committee, as the board of management, would devolve all the labor and responsibility. He thought that the committee should be enlarged by the addition of several other working members and offered the following:

Resolved, That the executive committee be enlarged by adding six names, and that the chairman of this meeting be authorized to select such additional members.

This resolution was adopted and the chairman appointed Messrs. Forsecre, Peters, Chamberlin, Grant, Peck and Moore to serve upon the committee.

Mr. B E Crane moved that the committee be allowed to still further increase its membership as may seem expedient. Carried.

Mr Sidney Root stated the purport of a number of letters received by him from England and other countries relative to the exposition, and presented some valuable information about cits for buildings, cost of construction, etc., recently obtained.

Mr. S. M. Inman said that as it seemed evident that the matter of foreign correspondence would assume large proportions and require close attention, he would suggest the propriety of placing that work in Mr. Root's hands, under the direction of the secretary, if Mr. Root would accept the charge. Mr Root volunteered to devote his time in any capacity where his services would do the most good The matter was left with the executive committee. The meeting then adjourned.

There will be a meeting of the executive committee at the chamber of commerce this morning to elect a chairman and arrange a preliminary programme of action. All members are earnestly requested to attend.

Arlington's Minstrels.

To-night the above excellent organization will occupy DeGive's opera house. The amusement-loving people of our city surely, if ever, go back on a minstrel performance, and never when worthy of a generous patronage. Billy Arlington has had twenty-three years experience in the business. He was once connected with Christy, which is indorsement enough. Later he organized Arlington & Dominker's minstrels. After one or two organizations, aside from the above mentioned ones, he perfected the Arlington, Cotton & Kemble troupe, who built Meyer's opera house, Chicago, and played in it until 1874 The company that will appear to night number twenty-four The six end-men are all good artists; the quartette show splendid voices. But we cannot refer to the comedians, song and dance men, and clog dancers; all are good. Give them a generous patronage.

Herrmann.

A diverting and entertaining performance by the above star magician at DeGive's opera-house last night closed the engagement in our city. The magic of Herrmann and his other attractions were all excellent. His entertainments consist in carrying out a varied programme of wonder and fun in first class style. His magic, his cabinet trick, in fact all he does amuses, or keeps bewildered an audience. The ventriloquial entertainment by Val Vose is the best ever heard in our city for years The Lorellis in their dancing are simply wonderful. We cordially commend Herrmann to the amusement loving people of all places he may visit.

The Music Last Night.

The principal musical event of the week was the concert of the southren conservatory given last night. The programme was a most excellent one in instrumental music. Among the intelligentcies of scholars we greeted most heartily Miss O C Frank nee Miss Ona Castleberry. Her talented lady created a most favorable impression by the excellence of her singing than ever before. Her principal solo—"Di piacer mi balza il cor"—was grandly rendered. Professor Schultze gave us Andante and Scherzo, by David. He surmounted all the difficulties with ease and grace, and the slow movement especially was given with rare delicacy and tenderness. Madam Vonder Hoya Schultze was the artist pianist and played with expressing, intelligence and genuine feeling Her interpretation of Beethoven always manifests long study and clear appreciation of the genius of the great master. Her genius and ability are unquestioned. The piano under the hands of this lady is most plastic and obedient. Tones resembling those of little silver bells, flutes reed instruments, etc., are readily obtained, and these contrasts of quality give very considerable variety to the sensuous element of music. Indeed, the concert was a very agreeable one and gave great pleasure.

PARTIES wishing to visit Mardi Gras at Memphis should write to, or call on, Albert B. Wrenn, general southern agent, 4 Kimball house, for schedules, rates and sleeping car accommodations, as he will have charge of the excursion.
feb24—11

Clark Collects.

Deputy Collector Crawford reports the seizure, in Pickens county, on the 20th and 21st instants, of a wagon, two hundred gallons of illicit whisky and seven illicit distilleries. About nine thousand gallons of beer, mash, etc., found at the various distilleries, were destroyed. The movement against the blockaders was so skillfully managed that they were taken completely by surprise, but owing to the excellent facilities afforded by telegraphic communications and surroundings for the escape of operatives in emergencies of this kind, only one man was arrested.

Collector Clark has reduced this branch of the service to a science, and it would seem from the work now being done in that field, that the complete suppression of those demoralizing and unprofitable employments known as "illicit distilling" and "moonshining" is only "a question of time," and short at that.

The Supreme Court.

ATLANTA, GA., February 23, 1881.

List of circuits showing the number of cases remaining undisposed of:

Flint circuit	13	Ocmulgee circuit	9
Coweta circuit	4	Brunswick circuit	5
Rome circuit	11	Eastern circuit	7
Cherokee circuit	5	Northern circuit	8
Augusta circuit	9	Atlanta circuit	27
Middle circuit	2		

MACON CIRCUIT.

No. 1. Huff vs Brantley. Dismissed.
No. 2 Bardman, next friend, vs. Taylor et al. Equity, from Bibb. Argued Jas. T. Nisbet; Whittle & Whittle, for plaintiff in error. Lanier & Anderson, for defendants.
No. 3 Haddock vs Planters bank of Fort Valley. Equity, from Houston Argued. W. S. Wallace, for plaintiff in error. Duncan & Miller, for defendant.
No. 4. Lundy vs State. Dismissed.

FLINT CIRCUIT.

Nos 17 and 18 withdrawn.
No. 5. Hart vs. Henderson. Equity, from Henry. Argued. T. W. Thurman John T. Hall, for plaintiff in error. E. J. Reagan; J. D. Stewart, for defendant.

Pending closing argument of Mr. Hall, court adjourned until 10 a.m. to-morrow There are several case on the Flint circuit in which Justice Speer was of counsel. Unless a judge can be had to take his place to-morrow, that circuit will be very short.

City Court.

In the city court yesterday the following cases were tried:

State against E. W. Vallette, charged with vagrancy. Plead guilty and sentenced to pay a fine of $10 and cost or to serve twelve months.

In the case of The State against Ed Dye, charged with malicious mischief, a plea of guilty was entered and Dye was sentenced to pay a fine of $50 or serve six months.

State against Peter Williams, charged with larceny from the house. Verdict of guilty and sentenced to six months.

Asbury Lee, charged with larceny from the house. Verdict of guilty and sentenced six months.

CHAMBERLIN, BOYNTON & CO.
NOVELTIES IN SPRING DRESS GOODS!
BEAUTIFUL NEW PARASOLS!
Bargains in Black and Colored Silks, Splendid lot of Satin DeLyon and Surah Silks, New Black Goods.
CARPETS!
Large lot handsome patterns, Velvets, Bodies, Tapestries, Three-Ply and Ingrains, just received. Fresh Mattings, White and Checked.
Large lot Gents', Ladies' and Children's SHOES, which we guarantee to give full satisfaction.
Butterick's New PATTERNS, just received.

A MAIDEN MEDITATING

Upon the Sudden Departure of Her Was to Have Been Husband.

Over in Cobb county, about twelve miles from the city, lives a modest country maiden who but for the fickleness of a member of the sterner sex would be enjoying the blisses of a honeymoon. One day last week was the time set for the marriage of Mr. William Mohair and Miss Lou Harris, who resided on the farm of Uncle Johnny Richards, twelve miles from the city. On the day set for the wedding Mohair got ten dollars from his intended and came toward Atlanta ostensibly for the purpose of buying some needed articles for his prospective house keeping. At the same time Messrs. Burgess and William Richards, who were clearing up a field, disposed of a load of fodder, and selling the axes they were using, joined Mohair. The three have left and since then have not been heard of. The young lady and her friends sat up late on the night set for the wedding, but as the bridegroom did not make his appearance she is still in a state of single blessedness

Cupid's Doings.

On Tuesday night, 22d instant, at the residence of the bride's grandfather, Mr. J L Peers, on East Harris street, Mr. L. R. Owen, of Marietta, was married to Miss Cornelia E. Brown, the charming daughter of Dr. and Mrs. A. P. Brown, of this city, and niece of Senator Joseph E. Brown.

The attendants were Mr. Joseph M. Brown and Miss Lizzie Goldsmith, and Mr. William McKenzie, of Marietta, and Miss Fannie Goldsmith.

A number of beautiful bridal presents were proofs of the good wishes of the donors, an elegant supper was enjoyed by all, and the occasion was one rich with happy remembrances and pleasant promises.

Stolen Harness.

Two cases of harness stealing were reported at police headquarters yesterday.

On Tuesday night a set of silver-mounted single buggy harness were stolen from Mr. F. B. Wade at Kirkwood. The harness are new and were purchased only a few days ago from T S. Davis on Peachtree street, who will be able to identify them. The other set was stolen from Mr. John Stevens, who resides on Jackson street. They are new, plain-plated, rockaway harness, valued at about fifty dollars.

Miles's Juvenile Opera Company.

Our theater habitues will please bear in mind that the above first-class organization, comprising the best artists of the once famous Haverly's Juvenile opera company, united with the best ones of the Miles company, will appear at DeGive's opera house Friday night in the charming opera of Planquette "Chimes of Normandy," Saturday evening in Lecocq's "Little Duke," and matinee Saturday afternoon. The choruses are complete and the music fine.

REMEMBER! the McKenzie route to Memphis is the only line running two daily trains and Pullman sleeping cars for the accommodation of those visiting the Mardi Gras. feb24—1t

What Bacon Has Done.

Bob Bacon, secretary to the railroad commission, has mailed a copy of Judge Woods decision to the secretary of every state in the union, and yet he is in receipt of constant inquiries about the decision.

More Marriages.

Yesterday Rev. J. Jones was called on to perform two marriage ceremonies. Mr. Robert W. Murphy, of Cartersville, was married to Miss Georgia B Russell, at the residence of Judge S. B. Hoyt. They left soon after on the Western and Atlantic railroad for Cartersville.

At the residence of Mr. C. B. Howard, on Pryor street, Miss Mary E. Howard was married to Dr. William B. Matthews, of Fort Valley. And thus Atlanta loses two popular young ladies.

The Flower of Roussillon.

Mr. O. C. Bentley is to read his beautiful story of woman's love and devotion, for the benefit of the Young Men's Library association, on Friday evening next. The press and all who have heard it pronounce this creation to be of very great merit, and entirely worthy of a hearing, and we hope the citizens of Atlanta will give the author a generous hearing.

Sent to Jail.

The day after Mark Berry's shoe store was robbed Captain Connolly was put in possession of what facts Mr Berry had, and at once began working the case, and yesterday arrested John Loster, charging him with the burglary. In Lester's possession was found a pair of the stolen boots, and upon a preliminary hearing enough evidence was adduced to secure his committal.

Highway Robbery.

Yesterday morning Martha and Della Taylor, two negro girls, made an assault upon a small son of a Mrs. Edgar, who resides on Decatur street near Hon. Frank P Rice's, and after knocking the little fellow down, rifled his pockets of several trifles. For this offense they were arrested and taken before Judge Rhea, who committed them to jail in default of bonds.

Out For Air.

Tuesday night last the Gate City Guard turned out in full uniform and visited the Markham house. After entering the office they formed a "hollow square" inside of which they stacked arms and then broke ranks for the arcades and parlors. Quite a pleasant evening was spent by all and the return to the armory left many pleasant memories behind.

Sack Stealing.

Warrants were yesterday issued for George Thomas and Willie Bird, two negro boys, and their arrest was the result. They were taken before Judge Rhea, when the complainant swore that they had stolen three sacks from Dr. Johnston's stable, near the house. The rebuttal testimony was then submitted and the accused were sent to jail in default of bond.

Lecture.

Dr. R W. Dunham, the great American lecturer, will lecture at Bethel A. M. E. church, Wheat street, this (Thursday) evening, 7½ o'clock, for the benefit of the said church Admission 10 cents. All are invited to come out and hear the lecture and help a needy congregation.

The Young Ladies' Cooking Club.

To-morrow night the Young Ladies' cooking club will meet at the governor's mansion. The ladies will be attired in fancy costumes, and as it is the last meeting of the season it is thought there will be a large attendance.

Pink Pratt's Hanging.

Two enterprising citizens of Atlanta have circulated dodgers announcing that they will run an excursion train to Marietta on the fourth of March next, thereby giving everybody an opportunity to see Pink Pratt hung. The round trip is fifty cents.

Judge Warner.

Judge Warner still lingered at a late hour last night, although he is evidently much weaker than he was on Tuesday.

The first of a series of gospel Temperance meetings to be held in relation at the different churches in the city will be held at the First Methodist church on Wednesday night, the pastor C. A Evans, presiding. Several prominent gentlemen of the city will speak.

The Woman's Christian Temperance Union will hold its usual prayer meeting for ladies on Thursday at 4 p. m., at the rooms of the Young Men's Christian association, 49½ Whitehall street. Business of special importance is to be transacted at this meeting and every member is urged to be present, together with all ladies interested in temperance movements.

Ministers of the city who will help to carry on the series of Gospel Temperance meetings to be begun on Wednesday night at the First Methodist church are earnestly requested to meet the Women's Christian Temperance Union's committee on public meeting on Thursday at 5 p m. at the Young Men's Christian association rooms at 49½ Whitehall, to arrange the succession of church after church in this hopeful undertaking. If impossible to come, send a line to above address if willing to take part in the series.
feb22—2t tues thur

DON'T fail to call on Albert B. Wrenn, general southern agent of the McKenzie route, office 4 Kimball house, for information about Mardi Gras at Memphis. feb24—1t

SIDEWALK NOTES.

—The wind run high yesterday and the dust flew.

—There is to be a fashionable wedding at one of the Presbyterian churches next week.

—The Hemans club meets at the residence of Mr Crim, 59 Butler street, Friday night.

—Spectators tickets for masquerade party tomorrow night 50 cents.

—Ordinary Calhoun yesterday received a Paris advertising journal printed a la Bernhardt.

—The funeral services of the late Fred Harper will be had this evening at 3 o'clock at 48 Formwalt street. The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend.

—"A thing of beauty is a joy forever." Go to P. H Snook's and see the handsomest parlor suit in Georgia. One hundred persons examined it yesterday.

—Parties who desire good hams should try a Magnolia. They are one of the best that are brought to this market. See advertisement

—The Victor Baby Food Only true substitute for mother's milk.
feb24 d1y thur sun tues

—Why do you continue to suffer with Neuralgia and distressing Headache when you can be readily relieved by Neuralgine. Thousands have been cured by it and why not you? For sale by Hutchison & Bro.
86 febo d1t—sun tues thur

ONLY $12.20 round trip to Memphis Mardi Gras, via McKenzie route. feb24—1t

PERSONAL MENTION.

—Miss Nancy Cartwright of Stone Mountain is dead.

—We regret to learn that Miss Fannie Holmes is quite sick.

—Miss Loudie Maguire of Atlanta is visiting friends in Conyers, and is the guest of Col. Tobe Helms.

—H. H Jones, formerly of the Macon Telegraph, is visiting his brother, Rev. J. Jones, on McDonough street.

—An exchange says Miss Maggie Barry, the charming daughter of Capt. R. L. Barry, who has been visiting friends in Augusta for the past few weeks—the guest of Miss Laura Wilson—returned to her home in Atlanta last Saturday.

AT THE KIMBALL.

—W. L. Marshall, Rome.
—H. H. Epping, Columbus.
—P. W Alexander, Marietta.
—T. P. Branch, Augusta, Ga.
—William M. Wadley, Georgia.
—Charles M. Gilbert, Savannah.
—William Tador, Haralson county.
—Mr. and Mrs. B. C. Yancey, Georgia.

HIRSCH BROS.,
Popular Clothiers
AND TAILORS,
42 and 44 Whitehall Street,
ATLANTA, GEORGIA.
29 may21—d1y tu thurs hay & co

THE SEARCH FOR SCARS.

Examination of the Arms of the Pupils of the Public Schools.

In compliance with the order of the board of education and city council, the ward physicians have been busy this week examining the arms of the pupils of the public schools in order to determine how many have complied with the requirements of the rules of the schools relative to vaccination. Very little opposition has been met with by the physicians who have in return determined to allow the pupils the fullest advantage possible, not closing their schools until March 1 Those children who have good scars or upon whose arms the vaccination is taking will be entered as successfully vaccinated and will be fully entitled to all the privileges of the schools. The doubtful ones are those who have been vaccinated at such a late day that it is impossible now to determine whether the vaccination will take or not. All such will be allowed to present themselves for examination by the first of March, and if the vaccination proves successful they will be entitled to enter school. Those who were absent when the examinations were made will have to be examined here after, Below is the consolidated report of each school:

Boys' high school, Dr. Robert Westmoreland, examining physician, successfully vaccinated, 65; unsuccessful, 9; not susceptible, 1; absent, 7.

Girls' high school, same physician, successfully vaccinated 129; unsuccessful, 28; refused to be examined, 11; not susceptible, 2; absent, 5.

First ward, Dr E. W. Roach, examining physician, Walker street school, successfully vaccinated, 364; unsuccessful, 49; doubtful. 21; absent 63.

Hayne street colored school, successfully vaccinated, 131; unsuccessful, 47; absent, 40.

Second ward, Dr. Robert Westmoreland, examining physician, Crew street school, successfully vaccinated, 326; unsuccessful, 53; not examined, 3; not susceptible, 10; absent 50

Third ward—Dr. T. E. Collier, examining physician, Fair street school: Successfully vaccinated, 241; unsuccessful, 38; absent, 25.

Summer Hill, colored, school: Successfully vaccinated, 119; unsuccessful, 24; absent 15

Fourth ward—Dr. G. G. Roy, examining physician, Ivy street school: Successfully vaccinated 290; doubtful, 54; unsuccessful, 4; absent 57; one not examined and two whose parents will not permit them to be vaccinated.

Wheat street, colored, school is in this ward and will be examined to-day.

Fifth ward—Dr A R Alley, examining physician, Marietta street school, successfully vaccinated, 283; unsuccessful, 37; doubtful, 52; imperfect, 9; absent, 74.

In connection with the vaccination question, it is of interest to know that the governor has appointed Dr T S Powell vaccine agent for the state, and that Dr Powell has appointed Messrs. Taylor & Mobley, druggists, corner of Marietta and Peachtree streets, his agents. A letter to Messrs Taylor & Mobley is subjoined:

PHILADELPHIA, February 21, —Office of John Wyeth & Brother.—Messrs. Taylor & Mobley, Atlanta—Gentlemen: Your favor of the 18th instant, ordering one or two dozen quills of vaccine virus, is duly received, and in reply we sent you by this mail one dozen. Should you wish the other dozen be good enough to advise us and we will be pleased to forward them We only sent you one dozen, as they do not keep any length of time and thought one dozen would meet your immediate wants We use the greatest care in preparing the quills. The doctor from whom we purchase them has a dairy farm, and furnishes us the quills as ordered, so that these forwarded you are absolutely fresh. We also mailed you one half dozen crusts from reliable physicians. Yours very truly, JOHN WYETH & BRO.

—"Madame Trollope's Folly," the quaint old-fashioned building erected in Cincinnati more than fifty years ago by the mother of T. A and Anthony Trollope, is now being torn down. Mrs Trollope meant the building for a bazaar for the sale of fancy goods, and put about $25,000 into her venture. It was a failure, and she went home to England and wrote her book about America. The building, which has ever since been popularly known as "Madame Trollop's Folly," was the scene of Cincinnati's first "industrial exhibition"

John Keely's
Special Bargains
—ON THE—
Bargain Counters
$5000 worth Ladies' Underwear, consisting of fine Muslin Drawers, Chemise, Night Gowns and Walking Skirts, beautiful Garments at from 25 cents each and upwards. in many cases less than half their value.
—ALSO AT—
John Keely's
—ON THE—
Bargain Counters
3000 pairs Men's Brown and Fancy Socks 10 cents per pair, similar to those usually sold for 20 to 25 cents. A great bargain.
Ladies' white, unbleached and fancy Hose in immense variety, 10 cents a pair, extraordinarily cheap.
Ladies' Brown, Bleached and fancy spring hose 15 cents per pair, a most desirable line of goods.
Thousands of Corsets 25 cents each.
The best 50 cent Corset ever offered in Georgia.
Bargains in every department of the house, just opened and marked at very attractive prices at
John Keely's!
feb24—1t

Closing Stock Quotations.

NEW YORK, February 23.—The stock market opened generally strong and higher and subsequently rose a fraction, making a full advance of ⅛ to 3 per cent, latter in New Jersey Central. Before the first board, however, the entire market came weak and prices took a downward turn and speculation continued much depressed throughout the afternoon. The transactions aggregated 381,000 shares.

Georgia 6s	107	Preferred	123¾
Ga 7s mort'g's	110	Delaware & Lack.	128
Ga 6s gold	116	N Jersey Cent.	1.1
Louisiana consols	60	Pacific Mail	7
North Carolina	32¾	Ohio & Miss	42
N Carolina new	2 ½	Mobile & Ohio	22
Funding	12½	Central R & St Joe	16¾
Special tax	...	St L & San Fran	44
Tennessee	54	do Preferred	64
Tennessee new	54¾	do first preferred	95
Virginia 6s	39	Union Pacific	119¾
Virginia new	30	Houston & Texas	69
Consolidated	112	Pacific Mail	55
Deferred	12	Adams Express	130
Panama	228	Wells & Fargo	118
Fort Wayne	174	American	68¾
Chicago & Alton	128	United States	55
Harlem	200	Consolidated coal	38
Michigan Central	114¾	Quicksilver	14
N. Jersey	140	Preferred	40½
N. Y. Central	145¾	Chicago & N.W	126½
Erie	48¾	do. Preferred	14 ¾
Lake Shore	1.6¾	Wab., St. L. & Pac	41
Illinois Centre	130	do. Preferred	88¾
N., C. & St. L	85	Memphis & Char'n	41
Louis'e & Nash	92	Rock Island	134
Pittsb'g F. W. & C	135	Western Union	115½

*Offered.

FUNERAL NOTICE.

SALTER—The friends and acquaintances of Dr. and Mrs S F. Salter, are invited to attend the funeral of their infant son from their residence on Peachtree street at 3 o'clock p m to day.

37
The great Shirt Man, KEEP, who, by his low prices, created consternation among Shirt Manufacturers, and revolutionized the Shirt business in the United States, thus affording every poor man a clean Linen daily, has a well established agency at
A. O. M. GAY & CO.'S,
37 Peachtree Street.
The cheapest and best Shirt, the "Keep" brand, at GAY'S.
If you would keep peace in the household keep KEEP'S Shirts for your husband. They fit so well and wear so well. They are sold by
GAY & CO.
Gents Furnishing Goods, Fine, Stylish and cheap.
A. O. M. GAY & CO.
HATS! HATS! Just any kind you wish to see.
GAY'S,
37 Peachtree street.
If you want to have fits, go to
GAY'S CLOTHING STORE.
Prices marked down on all Winter Clothing, at
A. O. M. GAY & CO.'S.
37
26 oct10—d1y sun thur 4thp un hir bro

John Keely's
Special Bargains
—ON THE—
Bargain Counters
$5000 worth Ladies' Underwear, consisting of fine Muslin Drawers, Chemise, Night Gowns and Walking Skirts, beautiful Garments at from 25 cents each and upwards. in many cases less than half their value.
—ALSO AT—
John Keely's
—ON THE—
Bargain Counters
3000 pairs Men's Brown and Fancy Socks 10 cents per pair, similar to those usually sold for 20 to 25 cents. A great bargain.
Ladies' white, unbleached and fancy Hose in immense variety, 10 cents a pair, extraordinarily cheap.
Ladies' Brown, Bleached and fancy spring hose 15 cents per pair, a most desirable line of goods.
Thousands of Corsets 25 cents each.
The best 50 cent Corset ever offered in Georgia.
Bargains in every department of the house, just opened and marked at very attractive prices at
John Keely's!
feb24—1t

MARDI GRAS
TRAINS
To Memphis,
Will leave Atlanta February 26th, 27th, and 28th, at 2:50 p. m.,
via Memphis and Charleston Railroad, arriving next days at noon.
ROUND TRIP TICKETS $12 20.
Good until March 5th.
See circular of B. W. Wrenn, G. P. and T. A.,
(KENNESAW ROUTE)
for full information as to programme. Tickets on sale at
No. 4 Kimball House,
and at Ticket office in Union Depot, where, on application, you can also secure berths in Sleeping Cars.
For further information see
THOMAS NUNAN, or, A. A. VERNOY, } Agents.
Office No. 13 Kimball House.
feb22—d3t tues thur sat

CITATION.

STATE OF GEORGIA, COUNTY OF MORgan.—To Mary C. Chamberlain, Frank Chamberlain, Elliott Chamberlain, Allie Chamberlain, Sarah Nelson, Stuart Watson, James Watson, Felix W. Varner, Weldon Varner, Joseph Varner, Florida Christian, William Meyers and Lou Meyers.

Emanuel Heyser having, as executor, applied for probate in solemn form of the last will of Mary W Anderson, of said county, and having made known to the court that you are heirs at law of said Mary W Anderson, you are hereby cited to be and appear at the March term, 1881, of the Court of Ordinary for said county, as the will of Mary W. Anderson will then be offered for probate in solemn form, said court to be holden on the first Monday in March, 1881, the same being the 7th day of the month.

THOMAS B. BALDWIN,
Ordinary Morgan County, Ga.
January 22, 1881—ja26 d1awiw thur

Just Received
—FROM—
Sheriff's Sale!
100 Reversible Overcoats at $13.50, worth $18.00.
50 at $16.00, worth $20.00.
The Biggest Bargains
IN ATLANTA AT
Cohen & Selig's.
dec10—d1f

Kendrick, Carter & Eckford
Wholesale and Retail Dealers in
CARPETS,
OIL CLOTHS,
MATTINGS
Window Shades,
Lace Curtains,
LAMBREQUINS AND CORNICES.
50 WHITEHALL ST., ATLANTA, GA. KENDRICK, CARTER & ECKFORD.
—d2m sthp tue col

ON
JOHN KEELY'S
"Bargain Counter" This Week.
3000 yards beautiful, fancy Worsted Dress Goods at 8 cents a yard, worth 20 or 25 cents.
2700 yards choice fancy Worsted Dress Goods 9 1-2 cents per yard, worth 25 cents.
1000 yards solid color Alpacas 12 1-2 cents a yard always sold for 20 cents.
1000 yards new Spring Calicoes, 5c per yard.
20000 yards of beautiful Hamburg Edgings at positively half price.
JOHN KEELY
Is selling the best 50c Shirt in America.
JOHN KEELY
Has just opened ten cases of the very choicest Spring Dress Goods.
JOHN KEELY
Has just opened an immense line of new Spring Hosiery. Lovely Goods.
JOHN KEELY
Has just received new and full lines of Laces, including Valenciennes, Clung, Breton, Vermicelli, Languedoc, and many other styles.
JOHN KEELY
Is selling fine, good-fitting Corsets, cheaper than anybody. Call and examine bargains, at
John Keely's!
The People Appreciate Merit
EAGLE AND PHENIX
Columbus, Ga.
SMOOTHEST, STRONGEST, BEST
SOLD BY ALL JOBBERS
BALL SEWING THREAD
1878 1879
Production Doubled. Again Doubled.
feb1—d1y tues thur sun

CHAS. L. WILSON, M. D | CHAS. A. WILSON, M. D
PHYSICIANS AND SURGEONS.
Office: No. 32 E. Alabama st.